Postgraduate Program Specification for MD degree in Pediatrics

2022-2023

University: Minia Faculty: Medicine

Department: Peiatrics

Program specification for the year 2022-2023

Program Title and code: M.D in pediatrics, PE100

1. Basic Information:

Program Type: single

Faculty: Faculty of Medicine

Department: Pediatrics

Final award: Medical Doctorate (MD) in pediatrics

Responsible department: pediatrics

Departments involved in the program: pediatrics department, Public Health and preventive

 $medicine\ department,\ Medical\ Physiology\ department,\ Pathology\ department.$

Program duration: 3.5 Years. **Number of program courses:** 5

Program management team: All staff members of pediatrics

Principal Co-Ordinator: Prof. Gehan Lotfy Abdel Hakeem

Director of the program (head of the department): Prof. Mohamed Abd El-Maboud

Internal evaluator: Prof. Samira Zein Sayed

External evaluator: prof. Faheem Mouhamed Faheem

Last date of program approval by department council: 3/4/2023

2.Program aims:

The aim of this program is to provide the postgraduate with the advanced Pediatric knowledge and skills essential for the professionalism of practice of Pediatric specialty through:

- 2/1- Providing recent scientific knowledge essential for the mastery of practice of pediatrics according to the international standards.
- 2/2- providing skills necessary for proper diagnosis and management of patients including diagnostic, problem solving and decision-making skills.

- 2/3- Gaining recent knowledge in management of critically ill patients and use of recent technological techniques in pediatric subspecialities.
- 2/4- Gaining sound ethical principles related to pediatric practice.
- 2/5-Enabling the candidate active participation in community needs and problems Identification
- 2/6- Acquiring learning abilities necessary for continuous medical education.
- 2/7- Enabling the candidate to use recent research methodology and to publish their researches in indexed medical journals
- 2/8- Enabling the candidate to communicate, transfer knowledge and lead others in the specialty of pediatrics
- 2/9. Using effectively and try to develop the available resources
- 2/10. Decision making with the available data and resources

3. Intended Learning Outcomes (ILOs)

a- Knowledge and Understanding:

By the end of the study of doctoral program in pediatrics the graduate is expected to be able to:

- a.1 Describe theories, basics and updated sciences in physiology of pediatrics.
- a.2 Describe basics and updated sciences in pathology of pediatric diseases.
- a.3 Discuss the recent advances in biostatistics, research methodology and clinical epidemiology related to the field of pediatrics.
- a.4 Discuss recent advances in etiology, clinical picture ,prevention and management of pediatric diseases according pediatric subspecialties.
- a.5 List recent advances in methods of promoting health of infants and children.
- a.6 list the ethical aspects of conducting scientific researches in the field of pediatrics
- a.7 Define the legal and ethical aspects of professional pediatric subspecialties practice.
- a.8 Discuss the principles of quality improvement in education and professional practice in the field of pediatrics.
- a.9 Explain professional practice on the environment and the methods of environmental development and maintenance.

b- Intellectual outcomes

By the end of the study of doctoral program in pediatrics the Graduate is expected to be able to:

- b.1 Interpret data acquired through history taking to reach a provisional diagnosis for pediatric problems.
- b.2 Select from different diagnostic alternatives the ones that help reaching a final diagnosis for pediatric problems.
- b.3 Conduct research studies, that add to knowledge.
- b.4 write scientific papers in the area of pediatrics.
- b.5 Assess risk in professional practices in the field of pediatrics.
- b.6 Plan to quality improvement in the field of medical education of pediatrics.
- b.7 Compare analytical thinking approach in clinical situations related to pediatrics.
- b.9 Manage scientific discussion based on scientific evidences and proofs.
- b.10 Criticize research related to pediatrics.
- b.11 Present data in front of experts.

c- Professional and Practical Skills

By the end of the study of doctoral program in pediatrics the graduate is expected to be able to:

- C1 Examine the basic and modern professional clinical skills including thorough history taking and skillful examination
- C2 Categorize methods and tools existing in pediatrics
- C3 Perform non-invasive & invasive procedures used in evaluation of patient and interpret X-ray and CT films, blood gas, blood picture, bone marrow, liver and renal function reports covering the most important pediatric conditions.
- C4 Use new technological means and tools that serve professional practice
- C5 Plan for the development of performance in the field of pediatric
- C6 Write competently all forms of patient charts and sheets including reports evaluating these charts and sheets.

d- General and Transferable Skills

By the end of the study of doctoral program in pediatrics, the Graduate is expected to be able to:

- d. 1 Communicates effectively by different types of communication skills.
- d. 2 Use appropriate computer program packages and the internet to serve the development of professional practice.
- d. 3 Teach others and evaluate and improve their performance.
- d.4 Council families and educate patients about their conditions.
- d. 5 Use different sources of information and knowledge.
- d .6 Work successfully in a team and also as a team leader.
- d.7 Manage scientific meetings according to the available time.
- d.8 Design logbooks.
- d.9 Design standardized protocol for pediatric patients' management.
- d.10 Compute with others for improvement of health services

4. Program academic reference standards

Faculty of Medicine, Minia University adopted the general national academic reference standards provided by the national authority for quality assurance and accreditation of education (NAQAAE) for all postgraduate programs. (Faculty Council Decree No.6854, in its cession No.177 Dated: 18/5/2009). {Annex 1}.

- Faculty of Medicine, Minia University has developed the academic standards (ARS) for Medical Doctorate (MD) program and was approved in faculty Council decree No.7528, in its session No.191, dated: 15-3-2010), last update: 20-2-2023 {Annex I}.
- The pediatric department has developed the intended learning outcomes (ILOs) for doctorate (MD) program in pediatrics and the Date of program specifications first approval was by department council: 13-5-2013, last update: 6-4-2023{Annex 2}.

5 • Program External References:

not applicable

6. Curriculum structure and contents

Program duration: (3.5 years) at least

A. Program courses: 5 compulsory courses

Total number of hours 2169 hours:

Academic 260(12%), # Practical 1897 (88%)

First part :

Academic 102 (69.4%) # practical 25(17%) # total 147 hour #total 24 weeks.

Second part:

Academic 165 (8 %) # practical 1865(92%) # Total hours 2030 #total 48 weeks.

Compulsory courses: 100%

 $\label{eq:ourses: N/A} \textbf{Optional courses: N/A}$

Elective courses: N/A

Basic courses: 147 hours (6.7%)

Humanity and social courses: 0(0%)

Specialized courses: 2030 h (93.3%)

	Course name	Number of hours			
					level
		Lecture	Practical/	Total	
		S	clinical		
Community 1	Medical statistics and research methodology	30	15	45	First part
Community2	Use of Computer in medicine	20	10	30	
Pathology	Pathology	24	-	24	
Medical Physiology	Medical Physiology	20	-	48	

Pediatrics	Pediatric Thesis and at	165	1865	2030	Second part (specialized course & specialized clinical work)
	Thesis and at	ieasi one J	publishea res	еагсп	Third part

Tab.: Curriculum structure and contents

1- General requirement:

7- Program admission requirements:

Candidates should have:

- a-MBBCh degree from any Egyptian faculty of medicine or equivalent degree from medical schools abroad approved by the ministry of higher education.
- b-Master's degree in pediatrics.
- c-Follow postgraduate regulatory roles of Minia faculty of medicine.
- d- English Language (with minimal score of 500 in TOFEL or equivalent).

2-Spicific requirement:

A-Candidates graduated from Egyptian universities should be have at least "Good

Rank" in their final year / cumulative years examination and grade "Good Rank "in Community Medicine course too.

- B-Master degree in pediatrics with at least" Good Rank".
- C-Candidate should know how to speak& write English well.
- D-Candidate should have computer skill.

8- Regulations for progression and program completion:

Duration of program is (3.5 years), starting from registration till the acceptance of the thesis; divided to:

First Part: (\geq 6 months):

- Program-related basic science & Research Methodology, Biostatistics and computer & SPSS.
- At least six months after registration should pass before the student can ask for examination in the 1st part.
- Two sets of exams: 1st in May 2nd in November.
- For the student to pass the first part exam, a score of at least 60% in each curriculum is needed.

Second Part: (≥24 months):

- Program related specialized science of internal medicine courses and ILOs. At least 24 months after passing the 1st part should pass before the student can ask for examination in the 2nd part.
- Fulfillment of the requirements in each course as described in the template and registered in the log book is a prerequisite for candidates to be assessed and undertake part 1 and part 2 examinations; as following:
 - Training courses
 - Conference attendance
 - Thesis discussion
 - Workshops
 - Journal club
 - Case presentation
 - Seminars
 - Morbidity and Mortality conference
 - Self-education program
 - Two sets of exams: 1st in May—2nd in November.
 - At least 60% of the written exam is needed to be admitted to the oral and practical exams.

• 4 times of oral and practical exams are allowed before the student has to reattend the written exam.

Thesis (24-48 months):

- Could start after registration and should be completed, defended and accepted after passing the 2nd part final examination and after passing of at least 24 months after documentation of the subject of the thesis.
- Accepting the thesis is enough to pass this part.
- Accepting the thesis occurs after publishing two-thesis based papers ag least one of them published in an international journal with impact factor >0.5 then thesis discussion and this is enough to pass this part.

9. Teaching and Learning Methods

- 1. Lectures
- 2. Seminar Presentation and Journal Club
- 3. Group Discussions
- 4. Grand Rounds
- 5. Pediatric Conferences
- 7. Skill teaching in ICU, emergency and ward settings
- 8. Attend Combined clinics and rounds for at least one month.
- 9. Self-study, assignments and use of internet
- 10. Bedside teaching rounds in ward.
- 11. OPD & Follow up clinics
- 12. Long and short case presentation

10. Methods of student assessments and Weighting of assessment:

Method of assessment	The assessed ILOs

1-Research assignment

2-Paper based exam Exams:

Paper 1 and paper 2 include: A4 to A9

Short essay • B1 to B11

MCQs ●

Problem solving •

Paper 3: Commentary B1 to B11

C1 to C18

3-Practical Exams

Clinical Exams(long & 2 short | C1 to C18

cases). D1 to D 10

4-Oral Exams. A1 to A9

Weighting assessment:

Final-term Examination: 100% (Passing in the written exam is a condition to attend the following exams.

Clinical Examination & Oral Examination: 100%

Course	Oral Exam	Written Exam	Practical	Total
Physiology	100	100	-	200
Pathology	100	100	-	200
statistics and research methodology	100	100	-	200
Computer	100	100	100	300
pediatrics	100	300	100	

11.Methods of program evaluation

Evaluator	Tool	Sample
1-Staff	questionnaire	100%
2- Senior students	questionnaire	30%
3- Alumni	questionnaire	No alumni graduated
4- Stakeholders (members of the medical syndicate, ministry of health, community members in faculty council)	Interview	Not done yet
5-External Evaluator(s) (External Examiner(s)	Report	Once before implementation
6- Internal audit	Visits	Not done yet

Head of department signature

Prof. Mohd A. Maaboud

1.Graduate attribute

Matrix between General Academic Reference Standards and Faculty Academic Reference Standard and program ILOS

برامج الدكتوراه NAQAAE	Faculty Doctorate (MD) Program
1. مواصفات الخريج:	1. Graduate attributes:
خريج برنامج الدكتوراه في أي تخصص يجب أن يكون قادرا على :	

	Graduate of doctorate (MD) program in any specialty should be able to:
1.1. إتقان أساسيات ومنهجيات البحث العلمي .	1.1. Mastery of basic research skills and types of study design.
2.1. العمل المستمر علي الإضافة للمعارف في مجال التخصص.	1.2. Contribute to development, application, and translation of new medical knowledge in his scholarly field through research.
3.1. تطبيق المنهج التحليلي والناقد للمعارف في مجال التخصص والمجالات ذات العلاقة .	1.3. use analytical and critical skills in observing, collecting and interpreting data.
.4.1دمج المعارف المتخصصة مع المعارف ذات العلاقة مستنبطا ومطورا للعلاقات البينية بينها .	1.4. Integrate biomedical sciences with clinical information to explore scientific basis of medical practice for improvement of management of diseases.
5.1. إظهار وعيا عميقا بالمشاكل الجارية والنظريات الحديثة في مجال التخصص .	1.5. Demonstrate an awareness of current health problems and recent theories in his scholarly field
.1.6تحديد المشكلات المهنية و إيجاد حلولا مبتكرة لحلها .	1.6. Identify and create solutions for occupational problems and medical malpractice conditions.
.7.1إتقان نطاقا واسعا من المهارات المهنية في مجال التخصص	1.7. perform a wide range of professional skills in his scholarly field.

.1.8التوجه نحو تطوير طرق و أدوات و أساليب جديدة للمزاولة المهنية .

1.8. Develop and improve new methods and approaches in the professional medical practice of the specific field.

.1.9استخدام الوسائل التكنولوجية المناسبة بما يخدم ممارسته المهنية	1.9. Use information technology to improve his professional medical practice including online medical information manage information and researches.
.10.1 التواصل بفاعلية وقيادة فريق عمل في سياقات مهنية مختلفة .	1.10. communicate effectively as a member or leader of health care group or other professional group and gain leadership skills.
. 11.1 اتخاذ القرار في ظل المعلومات المتاحة .	1.11. Make informed decisions based on available data (e.g. patient information, up to date scientific evidence and clinical judgement).
.12.1 توظيف الموارد المتاحة بكفاءة وتنميتها والعمل على إيجاد موارد جديدة .	1.12. Effective management, development & improvement of available resources and have the competency to get new resources.
.13.1الوعي بدوره في تنمية المجتمع و الحفاظ على البيئة .	1.13. Be aware of his community needs related to his field and have the ability to improve & maintain health care and carryout system-based improvement.
.14.1التصرف ب ما يعكس الالتزام بالنزاهة والمصداقية وقواعد المهنة .	1.14. Demonstrate ethical behavior, moral reasoning, honesty, integrity, dependability, and commitment to service and health equity.
.1.15الالتزام بالتنمية الذاتية المستمرة ونقل علمه و خبراته للآخرين .	1.15. Critically reflect on one's own performance to set learning and improving goals and sharing his knowledge.

- Academic standards:

٢. المعايير القياسية العامة:	2. Faculty Academic Reference
NAQAAE General Academic	Standards (ARS) for MD Program
Reference Standards "GARS" for MD	
Programs	
. ٢,١ المعرفة والفهم:	2.1. Knowledge and understanding:
بانتهاء دراسة برنامج الدكتوراه يجب أن يكون الخريج	Upon completion of the doctorate
قادرا علي الفهم والدراية بكل من:	Program (MD), the graduate should
	have sufficient knowledge and
	understanding of:
٢,١,١. النظريات والأساسيات والحديث من المعارف	2.1.1. Theories, basics and updated
في مجال التخصص والمجالات ذات العلاقة	knowledge in his scholarly field and
	related basic sciences.
٢,١,٢ أساسيات ومنهجيات وأخلاقيات البحث العلمي	2.1.2. Basic, methods and ethics of
وأدواته المختلفة	medical research.
٢,١,٣. المبادئ الأخلاقية والقانونية للممارسة المهنية	2.1. 3. Ethical and medicolegal
في مجال التخصص	principles of medical practice.
٢,١,٤. مبادئ وأساسيات الجودة في الممارسة المهنية	2.1. 4. Identify Principles and
في مجال التخصيص	fundamental of quality in
	professional medical practice.
٢,١,٥. المعارف المتعلقة بآثار ممارسته المهنية على	2.1.5. Knowledge related to effects of
البيئة وطرق تنمية البيئة وصيانتها	professional practice on public health
	and methods of maintenance and
	system-based improvement of public
	health.

بانتهاء دراسة برامج الدكتوراه يجب أن يكون الخريج قادرا علي :	Upon completion of the doctorate program (MD), the graduate must be able to:
	2.2.1 Analysis and evaluation of information to
.2.2.1	·
تحليل وتقيم المعلومات في مجال التخصص والقياس عليها والاستنباط منها	correlate and deduce from it.
2.2.2. حل المشاكل المتخصصه استنادا على المعطيات	2.2.2. Problem solving skills based on analysis of
المتاحه	available data for common health problems
	related to his scholarly field.
2.2.3.اجراء دراسه بحثيه تضيف الى المعارف	2.2.3. Carryout research projects related to his
	scholarly field.
2.2.4.صياغة اوراق علمية	2.2.4. Write and publish scientific papers.
2.2.5. تقييم المخاطر في الممارسات المهنيه	2.2.5. Assess risk in professional medical
	practice.
2.2.6. التخطيط لتطوير الاداء في مجال التخصص	2.2.6. Establish goals, commitments and
	strategies for improved productivity and
	performance.
2.2.7. اتخاذ القرارات المهنيه في سياقات مهنيه مختلفه	2.2.7. Making professional decisions in different
	professional contexts.
2.2.8.الابتكار / الابداع	2.2.8. Demonstrate intellectual curiosity
اظهار الاهتمام بالاكتشاف العلمي والابتكار من خلال	necessary for scientific discovery and innovation
المشاركة النشطة في البحثالعلمي	through active participation in research.
2.2.9. الحوار والنقاش المبنى على البراهين والأدلة	2.2.9. Using Evidence-based strategies to during
	discussion or teaching others.

2.2. Intellectual skills:

٢,٢. المهارات الذهنية:

2.3 المهارات المهنية بانتهاء دراسة برامج الدكتوراه يجب أن يكون الخريج قادراء	2.3. Professional skills: Upon completion of the doctorate program
علي :	(MD), the graduate must be able to:
2.1.3 اتقان المهارات المهنية الأساسية والحديثة	2.3.1. Master the basic as well as modern
في مجال التخصص	professional practical and/or clinical skills.
.2.3. 2 كتابة وتقييم التقارير المهنية	2.3.2. Write and evaluate professional reports.
.3.3. كتقييم وتطوير الطرق والأدوات القائمة في مجال	2.3.3. Evaluate and improve the methods and
التخصص	tools in the specific field
.2.3.4 استخدام الوسائل التكنولوجية بما يخدم الممارسة	2.3.4. use of technological means to serve
المهنية	Professional practice
5.3.2. التخطيط لتطوير الممارسة المهنية وتنمية أداء	2.3.5. Planning for the development of
الأخرين	professional practice and improve of the
	performance of others
.٢,٤. المهارات العامة والمنتقلة:	2.4. General and transferable skills
بانتهاء دراسة برنامج الدكتوراه يجب أن يكون الخريج	Upon completion of the doctorate program
قادرا على:	(MD), the graduate must be able to:
٢,٤,١. التواصل الفعال بأنواعه المختلفة	2.4.1. Communicate (in writing and
	orally) effectively and respectfully with peers,
	faculty, colleagues, and other members of the
	health care team, understanding the role of
	consultations and referrals.
٢,٤,٢. استخدام تكنولوجيا المعلومات ب ما يخدم تطوير	
الممارسة المهنية	serve Professional Practice Development.
٢,٤,٣. تعليم الآخرين وتقييم أداءهم	2.4.3. Demonstrate effective teaching and
	evaluating others.
٤,٢,٤. التقبيم الذاتي و التعلم المستمر .	2.4.4. Self-assessment and continuous learning.
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٥, ٢, ٤, استخدام المصادر المختلفة للحصول على	2.4.5. use physical information resources (print,
المعلومات والمعارف.	analog), online (electronic, digital,) text, audio-
	video, book and journal to address medical
	questions and knowledge to sustain professional
	growth
٢,٤,٦. العمل في فريق وقيادة فرق العمل	2.4.6. Work as a member in larger teams and as
	well as a team leader knows how to develop
	"teaming strategy" to plan how people will act
	and work together.
2	
٢,٤. ٧ إدارة اللقاءات العلمية والقدرة على إدارة	2.4.7. Manage of scientific meetings and the
الوقت	ability to manage Time effectively.

Annex (2): correlation between General Academic Reference Standards GARS, Faculty Academic Reference Standards (ARS) and programme ILOs

المعابير القياسية العامة.2 NAQAAE General Academic Reference Standards "GARS" for MD Programs	2. Faculty Academic Reference Standards (ARS) for MD Program	Program ILOs
۲,۱. المعرفة والفهم: بانتهاء در اسة برنامج الدكتوراه يجب أن يكون الخريج قادرا علي الفهم والدراية بكل من:	2.1. Knowledge and understanding: Upon completion of the doctorate Program (MD), the graduate should have sufficient knowledge and understanding of:	1. Knowledge and understanding:
٢,١,١. النظريات والأساسيات والحديث من المعارف في مجال التخصيص والمجالات ذات العلاقة	2.1.1. Theories, basics and updated knowledge in his scholarly field and related basic sciences.	 a.1 Describe theories, basics and updated sciences in physiology of pediatrics. a.2 Describe basics and updated sciences in pathology of pediatric diseases. a.3 Discuss the recent advances in biostatistics ,research methodology and clinical epidemiology related to the field of pediatrics. a.4 Discuss recent advances in etiology ,clinical picture ,prevention and management of pediatric diseases according pediatric subspecialties.
۲,۱,۲ أساسيات ومنهجيات وأخلاقيات البحث العلمي وأدواته المختلفة	2.1.2. Basic, methods and ethics of medical research.	a.6 Identify the ethical aspects of conducting scientific research in the field of pediatrics.
٢,١,٣. المبادئ الأخلاقية و القانونية للممارسة المهنية في مجال التخصص	2.1. 3. Ethical and medicolegal principles of medical practice.	a.7 Discuss the legal and ethical aspects of professional pediatric subspecialties practice.

٢,١,٤. مبادئ وأساسيات الجودة في الممارسة المهنية في مجال التخصيص	2.1. 4. Identify Principles and fundamental of quality in professional medical practice.	a.8 Discuss the principles of quality improvement in education and professional practice in the field of pediatrics.
٢,١,٥ المعارف المتعلقة بآثار ممارسته المهنية على البيئة وطرق تنمية البيئة وصيانتها	2.1.5. Knowledge related to effects of professional practice on public health and methods of maintenance and system-based improvement of public health.	a.5 List recent advances in methods of promoting health of infants and children. a.9 Explain professional practice on the environment and the methods of environmental development and maintenance.
۲,۲. المهارات الذهنية: بانتهاء دراسة برنامج الدكتوراه يجب أن يكون الخريج قادرا على:	2.2. Intellectual skills: Upon completion of the doctorate program (MD), the graduate must be able to:	2.2. Intellectual skills:
2.2.1. تحليل وتقيم المعلومات في مجال التخصص والقياس عليها والاستنباط منها	2.2.1 Analysis and evaluation of information to correlate and deduce from it.	b.7 Compare analytical thinking approach in clinical situations related to pediatrics.
2.2.2. حل المشاكل المتخصصه استنادا على	2.2.2. Problem solving skills based on analysis of available data for	b.1 interpret data acquired through history taking to reach a provisional diagnosis for

2.2.3 اجراء دراسه بحثيه تضيف الى المعارف	2.2.3. Carryout research projects related to his scholarly field.	b.4 Write scientific papers in the area of pediatrics.
2.2.4.صياغة اوراق علمية	2.2.4. Write and publish scientific papers.	b.3 Conduct research studies, that add to knowledge.
2.2.5. تقييم المخاطر في الممارسات المهنيه	2.2.5. Assess risk in professional medical practice.	b.5 Assess risk in professional practices in the field of pediatrics.
2.2.6. التخطيط لتطوير الاداء في مجال التخصص	2.2.6. Establish goals, commitments and strategies for improved productivity and performance.	b.6 Plan to quality improvement in the field of medical education of pediatrics.
2.2.7. اتخاذ القرارات المهنيه في سياقات مهنيه مختلفه	2.2.7. Making professional decisions in different professional contexts.	b.2 Select from different diagnostic alternatives the ones that help reaching a final diagnosis for pediatric problems. b.11 Present data in front of experts.
2.2.8. اظهار الاهتمام بالاكتشاف العلمي والابتكار من خلال المشاركة النشطة في البحثالعلمي	2.2.8. Demonstrate intellectual curiosity necessary for scientific discovery and innovation through active participation in research.	b.10 Criticize research related to pediatrics.
2.2.9. الحوار والنقاش المبني علي البراهين والأدلة	2.2.9. Using Evidence-based strategies to during discussion or teaching others.	b.9 Manage scientific discussion based on scientific evidence and proofs.
2.3. المهارات المهنية	2.3. Professional skills: Upon completion	2.3. Professional skills:
بانتهاء دراسة برامج الدكتوراه يجب أن يكون الخريج قادرا ً علي :	of the doctorate program (MD), the graduate must be able to:	
٢,١,٣. انقان المهارات المهنية الأساسية والحديثة في مجال التخصيص	2.3.1. Master the basic as well as modern professional practical and/or clinical skills.	C1 Examine the basic and modern professional clinical skills including thorough history taking and skillful examination

۲,۳.۲ كتابة وتقييم التقارير المهنية	2.3.2. Write and evaluate professional reports.	C6 Write competently all forms of patient charts and sheets including reports evaluating these charts and sheets.
٣,٣. ٢. تقييم وتطوير الطرق والأدوات القائمة في مجال التخصيص	2.3.3. Evaluate and improve the methods and tools in the specific field	C2 Categorize methods and tools existing in pediatrics C3 Perform available non-invasive & invasive procedures used in evaluation of patient
.2.3.4 استخدام الوسائل التكنولوجية بما يخدم الممارسة المهنية	2.3.4. use of technological means to serve Professional practice	C4 Use new technological means and tools that serve professional practice
5.3.2. التخطيط لتطوير الممارسة المهنية وتنمية أداء الأخرين	2.3.5. Planning for the development of professional practice and improve of the performance of others	C5 Plan for the development of performance in the field of pediatric
. ۲,٤. المهارات العامة والمنتقلة: بانتهاء دراسة برنامج الدكتوراه يجب أن يكون الخريج قادرا على:	2.4. General and transferable skills Upon completion of the doctorate program (MD), the graduate must be able to:	2.4. General and transferable skills
٢,٤,١. التواصل الفعال بأنواعه المختلفة	2.4.1. Communicate (in writing and orally) effectively and respectfully with peers, faculty, colleagues, and other members of the health care team, understanding the role of consultations and referrals.	d. 1 Communicates effectively by different types of communication skills.
۲,٤,۲. استخدام تكنولوجيا المعلومات ب ما يخدم تطوير الممارسة المهنية	2.4.2. Use of information technology to serve Professional Practice Development.	d. 2 Use appropriate computer program packages and the internet to serve the development of professional practice.
٢,٤,٣. تعليم الآخرين وتقييم أداءهم	2.4.3. Demonstrate effective teaching and evaluating others.	d. 3 Teach others and evaluate and improve their performance.d.10 Compute with others for improvement of health services
. ٤,٢,٤. التقييم الذاتي والتعلم المستمر.	2.4.4. Self-assessment and continuous learning.	d.4 Council families and educate patients about their conditions.

مات	٢,٤,٥. استخدام المصادر المختلفة للحصول على المعلوه والمعارف.	2.4.5. use physical information resources (print, analog), online (electronic, digital,) text, audio-video, book and journal to address medical questions and knowledge to sustain professional growth	d. 5 Use different sources of information and knowledge.d.9 Design standardized protocol for pediatric patients' management.
<u>ق</u>	٢,٤,٦. العمل في فري وقيادة فرق العمل	2.4.6. Work as a member in larger teams and as well as a team leader knows how to develop "teaming strategy" to plan how	d .6 Work successfully in a team and also as a team leader.
٥	٢,٤. ٧ إدارة اللقاءات العلمية والقدرة على إدار الوقت	2.4.7. Manage of scientific meetings and	d.7 Manage scientific meetings according to the available time. d.8 Design logbooks.

14.Matrix between program courses and Program ILOs

Courses											ILOS										
(List of				Knov	vledg	e & ur	ndersta	anding			Intelle	ectual	Skills								
courses in 1st and 2nd	A1	A 2	A3		A4	A5	A6	A7	A 8	A 9	B1	B2	В3	B 4	B 5	B 6	B7	B 8	B 9	B10	B1 1
parts)																					
1.Use of computer in medicine 1 st part			X		X								X								
2.Medical statistics & research methodology 1st part							X						X	X					X		
3.Pathology		X	X																		
4.Medical Physiology																					
5. pediatric		X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

			Pro	gram	Intende	ed Lear	ning	g Out	comes	(ILO	s)					
Courses (List of courses in 1 st and 2 nd parts)	Skills															
]	Profes		l & Pra tills	ctical		Ge	eneral	& Tr	ansfei	able	Skill	S		
	C 1	C 2	C 3	C 4	C5	C6	D 1	D2	D3	D4	D5	D 6	D7	D 8	D 9	D10
1. Use of computer in medicine 1st part						X		X								X
2. Medical statistics & research methodology 1st part						-										
3. Pathology						X										
4. Medical Physiology						-										
5. pediatric	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

University: Minia Faculty: Medicine

Department: Pediatrics Course Title: Pediatric

Course Code: PE100

15. Matrix between teaching & learning methods and program ILOS

	Intended Learning Outcomes (ILOs)									
	A. Knowledge & Understandin g	B. Intellectual Skills	Profess ional & Practi cal skills	D. General & Transferable Skills						
	A	В	C	D						
Lecture	A.1 TO A9	B.1 TOB.11								
Practical			C1 to C6							
Assignment				D.1 TO D.10						

16. Matrix between methods of student assessment and program ILOS

		Intended Lea	rning Outcomes							
	(ILOs)									
	Α.	B. Intellectual	C.	D. General &						
	Knowledge	Skills	Professional	Transferable						
+	&		& Practical	Skills						
	Understandi		skills							
	ng									
	A	В	С	D						
Paper based exam	A.1 to A.9	B.1 to B.11								
Practical exam:			C1 to C6							
Short case										
Long case										
Oral Exam	A.1 to A9	B.1 to B.11								

PUBLIC HEALTH COURSE SPECIFICATIONS

Course specification of: "Use of Computer in Medicine" in MD degree

University: Minia Faculty: Medicine

Department offering the course: Public health and preventive medicine department

Department offering the programme: All Clinical and Academic Postgraduate MD

Students

Programme(s) on which the course is given: First part MD for all postgraduates

Academic year/ Level: Firstpart of MD

	1. Course Information							
Academic Year/level:	COURSE TITLE:	Code:						
First part MD	Use of Computer in	PE 100						
	Medicine							
NUMBER OF TEACH	IING HOURS:							
- LECTURES: 20 F	IOURS							
- PRACTICAL/CLII	- PRACTICAL/CLINICAL: 10 HOURS							
- TOTAL: 30 HOU	RS							
2. Overall Aims of the	By the end of the course the stud	ent must be able to:						
course	Recognize knowledge about	the software and their						
	applications in Medicine							
	2. Gain skills necessary for using and managing heath care							
	information systems							
3. Inte	nded learning outcomes of course	(ILOs):						
Upon comp	Upon completion of the course, the student should be able to:							

A. Knowledge and	A 1 Define ea	ich nart of comp	uter hardware a	nd its function					
		ch part of computer hardware and its function							
understanding		pasic understanding of various computer							
		ons in medicine - for instruction, information g, and computer based medical record, etc.							
				ecora, etc.					
		lemedicine and	•						
		•	health informati	on technology					
		ement of health							
	A.5. Describe	electronic medi	cal records and o	bstacles facing					
	it								
	A.6. Identify t	he concept of bi	g data analysis						
B. Intellectual Skills	B.1. Criticize a	doption of teler	medicine						
	B.2. Discover	factors constrain	ning adoption of	telemedicine					
C. Professional and	C.1. Design fra	amework for un	derstanding of he	ealth					
Practical Skills	informat	ion system perfo	ormance						
D. General and	D.1. Utilize co	computers in conducting research							
transferable Skills	D.2. Appraise	e adoption of telemedicine							
	D.3. Discover	r skills to carry out the process of improving							
	health info	formation system performance							
	4. Cour	se Contents							
Торіс				Tutorial/					
Торіс		No. of hours	Lecture	Practical					
Use of Computer in Medicin				Fractical					
-									
General concepts) aa. nD a i m t	6	4	2					
Introduction to Microsoft F									
Health Information System	6	4	2						
Telemedicine	6	4	2						
Software Used in the Healt	h Care	6	4	2					
Big Data Analysis in Health		6	4	2					
Total		30	20	10					
5. Teaching and Learning M	ethods	Since COVID-1	19 pandemic, bl	ended learning					

to-face interaction activities with the online

	learning. 60% of study method is offline and		
	40% of study is online		
	Online learning materials are available at		
	Minia University site		
	 Lectures: Face to face lectures, Pre- 		
	recorded video lectures		
	 Practical lessons 		
	Assignment		
	 Online quizzes 		
6. Teaching and Learning Methods for	Outstanding student rewarded certificate of		
students with limited Capacity	appreciation due to high level of achievement		
	Limited students divided into small group to		
	make learning more effective		
7. Student Assessment			
	7.1- Research assignment: to assess general		
	transferable skills, intellectual skills.		
	7.2- Written exams:		
	Short essay: to assess knowledge.		
	Commentary: to assess intellectual skills.		
A. Student Assessment Methods	7.3- Practical Exams: to assess practical skills,		
A. Student Assessment Methods	intellectual skills.		
	7.4- Oral Exams: Oral exams to assess		
	knowledge and understanding, attitude,		
	communication		
	7.5- Structured oral exams: to assess		
	knowledge.		
B. Assessment Schedule (Timing of Each	Assessment 1: Final written exam week: 24-28		
Method of Assessment)	Assessment 2: Oral exam week: 24-28		
	Assessment 3: Practical exam week: 24-28		
C. Weighting of Each Method of	Final Written Examination 100%		
Assessment			
	Oral Examination 100%		

	Total 100%			
8. List of References				
A. Course Notes/handouts	Department notes, lectures and handouts			
B. Essential Books	Essential Medical Statistics, Betty R. Kirkwood and J. A. Sterne (2000), 2nd edition			
C. Recommended Textbooks	Data Management and Analytics for Medicine and Healthcare: Begoli, Edmon, Fusheng Wang, and Gang Luo. Springer, 2017.			
D. Periodicals, websites	 National Institutes of Health: http://www.nih.gov American Medical Informatics Association: http://www.amia.org/ 			

- **o** Course Coordinators:
- **Coordinators:** Lecturers: Dr / Shaimma Mahmoud, Dr/ Chrestina Monir
- o **Head of Department**: **Professor Dr.** Nashwa Nabil Kamal

Nasha N. Kung

Date of program specifications 1^{st} approval by <u>department council</u>: 13/5/2013.

Date of <u>last update</u> & approval by <u>department council</u>: 6/3/2023

(11) نموذج رقم

Use of Computer in Medicine	مسمي المقرر	جامعة / أكاديمية : المنيا
-	-	كلية / معهد : الطب
PE 100	كود المقرر	قسم : الصحة العامة والطب الوقائي

Matrix of Coverage of Course ILOs By Contents

	W	In	Intended Learning Outcomes (ILOs)			
Contents	e e	A. Knowledge &	B. Intellectual	C. Professional	D. General & Transferable	
(List of course	k	Understanding	Skills	& Practical	Skills	
topics)	N			skills		
	0	A	В	C	D	
TI CC .	•					
Use of Computer in Medicine						
General concepts		A.1, A.2,			D.1	
Introduction to						
Microsoft PowerPoint						
Health Information		A.4, A.5		C1	D.3	
Systems (HIS)						
Telemedicine		A.3	B.1, .2		D.2	
Software Used in the		A.5, A.6			D.1	
Health Care						
Big Data Analysis in		A.6				
Health						

Matrix of Coverage of Course ILOs by Methods of Teaching & Learning

	Intended Learning Outcomes (ILOs)			
	A. Knowledge	В.	C.	D. General
Methods of Teaching &	&	Intellectual	Professional	&
Learning	Understanding	Skills	& Practical	Transferable
			skills	Skills
	A	В	С	D
Lecture	A.1 to A.6	B.1,		
Practical			C1	
Assignment	A.4	B.2		D1.D.2,D3

Matrix of Coverage of Course ILOs by Methods of

Assessment

	Intended Learning Outcomes (ILOs)				
	A. Knowledge	В.	C.	D. General &	
Methods of	&	Intellectual	Professional	Transferable	
Assessment	Understanding	Skills	& Practical	Skills	
			skills		
	A	В	C	D	
Written paper-	A.1, to A.6	B.1			
based exam					
Practical			C1	D.1	
computer exam					
(For SPSS,					
PowerPoint)					
Oral Exam	A.4, A6	B.2	C.1	D.2, D.3	

Course specification of "Medical Statistics and Research Methodology"In MD degree

University: Minia
Faculty: Medicine

Department offering the course: Public health and preventive medicine department

Department offering the programme: All Clinical and Academic Postgraduate MD

Students

Programme(s) on which the course is given: First part MD for all postgraduates

Academic year/ Level: First part of MD

1. Course Information			
Academic Year/level:	Course Title:	Code:	
First part MD	Medical Statistics and	PE100	
	Research Methodology		

NUMBER OF TEACHING HOURS:

- LECTURES: 30 HOURS

- PRACTICAL/CLINICAL: 15 HOURS

- TOTAL: 45 HOURS

2. Overall Aims of the

course

By the end of the course the student must be able to:

- Gain skills necessary for proper practice in the field of Research Methods including diagnostic, problem solving and decision-making skills.
- 2. Apply ethical principles of scientific research with good awareness about patient's rights.
- 3. Use precisely the research methodology in researches
- 4. Influence the students to adopt an analytical thinking for evidence-based medicine
- Enable graduate students to use statistical principles to improve their professional work and develop the concept of critical interpretation of data
- 6. To use precisely computer programs SPSS, Epi Info

	and Excel in data analysis
3. Inte	nded learning outcomes of course (ILOs):
Upon completion of the	course, the student should be able to:
	A.1. Define terms of research methodology.
	A.2. Describe the spectrum of research methodology.
	A.3. Explain tie strategies and design of research.
	A.4. Describe the study design, uses, and limitations.
	A.5. Explain evidence-based Medicine
	A.6. Define causation and association.
	A.7. Tell the principles and fundamentals of ethics.
	A.8. Describe the different sampling strategies
	A.9. Summarize the advantages and disadvantages of
	different sampling strategies
	A.10. Summarize different methods of samples size
	calculation
A. Knowledge and	A.11. Recognize the sources and the recent methods in data
understanding	collection and analysis.
	A.12. Identify the types of variables
	A.13. Identify types of tabular and graphic presentation of
	data
	A.14. Describe the normal curves and its uses
	A.15. Identify the characters of normal distribution curve
	A.16. Identify measures of central tendency and measures
	of dispersion
	A.17. Explain regression analysis, its use and differentiate its
	types
	A.18. Define the screening tests pertinent to selected
	diseases and the at-risk approach in the application of
	screening tests

A.19. Explain the usefulness of screening tests

	B.I. Apply research methods to different community health
	problems.
	B.2. Apply appropriate research strategies for use.
	B.3. Select appropriate research methods.
	B.4. Teach and advocate appropriately in the research
B. Intellectual Skills	design.
	B.5. Describe the normal curves
	B.6. Describe and summarize data
	B.7. Select the proper test of significance for a specific data.
	B.8. Interpret selected tests of significance and the
	inferences obtained from such tests
	C.1. Plan a research proposal for community diagnosis.
	C.2. Design questionnaires.
	C.3. Conduct research.
	C.4. Judge association and causation.
	C.5. Criticize for bias and confounding factors
C Professional and	C.6. Design data entry file
C. Professional and Practical Skills	C.7. Validate data entry
Practical Skills	C.8. Manage data files
	C.9. Construct tables and graphs
	C.10. Calculate different samples sizes
	C.11. Calculate measures of central tendency and measures
	of dispersion
	C.12. Calculate sensitivity, specificity, and predictive values
	D.l. Lead a research team to conduct a specific study.
	D.2. Take part and work coherently with his associates to in
	research.
D. General and	D.3. Write scientific papers.
transferable Skills	D.4. Appraise scientific evidence
	D.5. Analyze and interpret data
	D.6. Use standard computer programs for statistical
	analysis effectively

Topic No. of hours Lecture Tutorial/ Practical Research methods Introduction: - Introduction to research Terminology and Rationale - Originality - Study design: - Cross sectional study and the prevalence rate - Cohort study, incidence rate, relative & attributable risk - Case-control study, Odd's ratio sampling - Experimental study and clinical trials - Sources of Errors in Medical Research - Bias and confounding and its Control Validity and reliability - The questionnaire design - Writing the Research Paper or Manuscript - Protocol Writing - Critic technique for the literature review - Exidence - based approach in medical practice - Ethics of medical research - Ethics of medical research - Statistics Sampling - Introduction to Sample Size Calculation - Tests of significance - Introduction to SPSS - Introduction test - Chi-square test - Introduction test -	4. Course Contents				
Introduction: - Introduction to research Terminology and Rationale - Originality - Study design: - Cross sectional study and the prevalence rate - Cohort study, incidence rate, relative & attributable risk - Case-control study, Odd's ratio sampling - Experimental study and clinical trials - Sources of Errors in Medical Research - Bias and confounding and its Control Validity and reliability - The questionnaire design - Writing the Research Paper or Manuscript - Protocol Writing - Critic technique for the literature review - Association and causation - Evidence - based approach in medical practice - Ethics of medical research Statistics Sampling Introduction to Sample Size Calculation Data presentation Tests of significance Introduction to SPSS 1 1 1 Proportion test	Topic		Lecture		
- Introduction to research Terminology and Rationale - Originality - Study design: - Cross sectional study and the prevalence rate - Cohort study, incidence rate, relative & attributable risk - Case-control study, Odd's ratio sampling - Experimental study and clinical trials - Sources of Errors in Medical Research - Bias and confounding and its Control Validity and reliability - The questionnaire design - Writing the Research Paper or Manuscript - Protocol Writing - Critic technique for the literature review - Association and causation - Evidence -based approach in medical practice - Ethics of medical research Statistics Sampling Introduction to Sample Size Calculation - Tests of significance Introduction to SPSS - Introduction test	Research methods				
- Terminology and Rationale - Originality - Study design: - Cross sectional study and the prevalence rate - Cohort study, incidence rate, relative & attributable risk - Case-control study, Odd's ratio sampling - Experimental study and clinical trials - Sources of Errors in Medical Research - Bias and confounding and its Control Validity and reliability - The questionnaire design - Writing the Research Paper or Manuscript - Protocol Writing - Critic technique for the literature review - Association and causation - Evidence - based approach in medical practice - Ethics of medical research Statistics Sampling Introduction to Sample Size Calculation Data presentation Tests of significance Introduction to SPSS Introduction to SPSS Proportion test	Introduction:				
- Terminology and Rationale - Originality - Study design: - Cross sectional study and the prevalence rate - Cohort study, incidence rate, relative & attributable risk - Case-control study, Odd's ratio sampling - Experimental study and clinical trials - Sources of Errors in Medical Research - Bias and confounding and its Control Validity and reliability - The questionnaire design - Writing the Research Paper or Manuscript - Protocol Writing - Critic technique for the literature review - Association and causation - Evidence -based approach in medical practice - Ethics of medical research Statistics Sampling Introduction to Sample Size Calculation - Tests of significance - Introduction to SPSS - Introduction to SPSS - Proportion test - Introduction to SPSS - Introduction to SPSS - Proportion test	- Introduction to research.		2		
- Study design: -Cross sectional study and the prevalence rate -Cohort study, incidence rate, relative & attributable risk -Case-control study, Odd's ratio sampling -Experimental study and clinical trials - Sources of Errors in Medical Research - Bias and confounding and its Control Validity and reliability - The questionnaire design - Writing the Research Paper or Manuscript - Protocol Writing - Critic technique for the literature review - Association and causation - Evidence -based approach in medical practice - Ethics of medical research - Statistics Sampling - Introduction to Sample Size Calculation - Tests of significance - Introduction to SPSS - Introduction to SPSS - Introduction to SPSS - Introduction test - Proportion test - Introduction test	- Terminology and Rationale		3		
-Cross sectional study and the prevalence rate -Cohort study, incidence rate, relative & attributable risk -Case-control study, Odd's ratio sampling -Experimental study and clinical trials - Sources of Errors in Medical Research - Bias and confounding and its Control Validity and reliability - The questionnaire design - Writing the Research Paper or Manuscript - Protocol Writing - Critic technique for the literature review - Association and causation - Evidence -based approach in medical practice - Ethics of medical research Statistics Sampling Introduction to Sample Size Calculation Data presentation Tests of significance Introduction to SPSS Introduction test Introduction test	- Originality				
-Cohort study, incidence rate, relative & attributable risk -Case-control study, Odd's ratio sampling -Experimental study and clinical trials - Sources of Errors in Medical Research - Bias and confounding and its Control Validity and reliability - The questionnaire design - Writing the Research Paper or Manuscript - Protocol Writing - Critic technique for the literature review - Association and causation - Evidence -based approach in medical practice - Ethics of medical research Statistics Sampling Introduction to Sample Size Calculation Data presentation Tests of significance Introduction to SPSS Introduction to SPSS Introduction test Introductio	- Study design:				
attributable risk -Case-control study, Odd's ratio sampling -Experimental study and clinical trials - Sources of Errors in Medical Research - Bias and confounding and its Control Validity and reliability - The questionnaire design - Writing the Research Paper or Manuscript - Protocol Writing - Critic technique for the literature review - Association and causation - Evidence -based approach in medical practice - Ethics of medical research Statistics Sampling Introduction to Sample Size Calculation Data presentation Tests of significance Introduction to SPSS Introduction to SPSS Introduction test	-Cross sectional study and the prevalence rate				
attributable risk -Case-control study, Odd's ratio sampling -Experimental study and clinical trials - Sources of Errors in Medical Research - Bias and confounding and its Control Validity and reliability - The questionnaire design - Writing the Research Paper or Manuscript - Protocol Writing - Critic technique for the literature review - Association and causation - Evidence -based approach in medical practice - Ethics of medical research Statistics Sampling Introduction to Sample Size Calculation Data presentation Tests of significance Introduction to SPSS Introduction to SPSS Introduction test	-Cohort study, incidence rate, relative &		4		
-Experimental study and clinical trials - Sources of Errors in Medical Research - Bias and confounding and its Control. - Validity and reliability - The questionnaire design - Writing the Research Paper or Manuscript - Protocol Writing - Critic technique for the literature review - Association and causation - Evidence - based approach in medical practice - Ethics of medical research Sampling Introduction to Sample Size Calculation Data presentation Tests of significance Introduction to SPSS Introduction to SPSS Introduction to SPSS Introduction test Introduction to SPSS Introduction test Introduc	attributable risk		4		
- Sources of Errors in Medical Research - Bias and confounding and its Control. - Validity and reliability - The questionnaire design - Writing the Research Paper or Manuscript - Protocol Writing - Critic technique for the literature review - Association and causation - Evidence - based approach in medical practice - Ethics of medical research Statistics Sampling Introduction to Sample Size Calculation Data presentation Tests of significance Introduction to SPSS Introduction to SPSS Introduction test Introdu	-Case-control study, Odd's ratio sampling				
- Bias and confounding and its Control. - Validity and reliability - The questionnaire design - Writing the Research Paper or Manuscript - Protocol Writing - Critic technique for the literature review - Association and causation - Evidence -based approach in medical practice - Ethics of medical research Statistics Sampling Introduction to Sample Size Calculation Data presentation Tests of significance Introduction to SPSS Introduction to SPSS Introduction test Proportion test	-Experimental study and clinical trials				
- Bias and confounding and its Control. - Validity and reliability - The questionnaire design - Writing the Research Paper or Manuscript - Protocol Writing - Critic technique for the literature review - Association and causation - Evidence - based approach in medical practice - Ethics of medical research Statistics Sampling Introduction to Sample Size Calculation Data presentation Tests of significance Introduction to SPSS Introduction to SPSS Introduction test Proportion test	- Sources of Errors in Medical Research		2		
- The questionnaire design - Writing the Research Paper or Manuscript - Protocol Writing - Critic technique for the literature review - Association and causation - Evidence -based approach in medical practice - Ethics of medical research Statistics Sampling Introduction to Sample Size Calculation Data presentation Tests of significance Introduction to SPSS Introduction to SPSS Introduction to SPSS Introduction test I	- Bias and confounding and its Control.		3		
- Writing the Research Paper or Manuscript - Protocol Writing - Critic technique for the literature review - Association and causation - Evidence - based approach in medical practice - Ethics of medical research Statistics Sampling Introduction to Sample Size Calculation Data presentation Tests of significance Introduction to SPSS Introduction to SPSS Introduction to SPSS Introduction test	- Validity and reliability		2		
- Protocol Writing - Critic technique for the literature review - Association and causation - Evidence - based approach in medical practice - Ethics of medical research Statistics Sampling Introduction to Sample Size Calculation Data presentation Tests of significance Introduction to SPSS Proportion test 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1	- The questionnaire design		2		
- Protocol Writing - Critic technique for the literature review - Association and causation - Evidence -based approach in medical practice - Ethics of medical research Statistics Sampling Introduction to Sample Size Calculation Data presentation Tests of significance Introduction to SPSS Introduction to SPSS 1 Proportion test	- Writing the Research Paper or Manuscript		2	2	
- Association and causation 1 - Evidence -based approach in medical practice 2 1 - Ethics of medical research 2 Statistics Sampling 1 Introduction to Sample Size Calculation 1 1 Data presentation 1 1 Tests of significance 2 Introduction to SPSS 1 1 Proportion test 1	- Protocol Writing		2	2	
- Evidence -based approach in medical practice 2 1 - Ethics of medical research 2 Statistics Sampling 1 1 Introduction to Sample Size Calculation 1 1 Data presentation 1 1 Tests of significance 2 Introduction to SPSS 1 1 1 Proportion test 1	- Critic technique for the literature review		2	2	
- Ethics of medical research Statistics Sampling Introduction to Sample Size Calculation Data presentation Tests of significance Introduction to SPSS Introduction to SPSS Proportion test 2 Statistics 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	- Association and causation		1		
StatisticsSampling1Introduction to Sample Size Calculation1Data presentation1Tests of significance2Introduction to SPSS1Proportion test1	- Evidence -based approach in medical practice		2	1	
Sampling 1 Introduction to Sample Size Calculation 1 1 Data presentation 1 1 Tests of significance 2 Introduction to SPSS 1 1 Proportion test 1	- Ethics of medical research		2		
Introduction to Sample Size Calculation 1 1 Data presentation 1 1 Tests of significance 2 Introduction to SPSS 1 1 Proportion test 1	Statistics				
Data presentation11Tests of significance2Introduction to SPSS11Proportion test1	Sampling		1		
Tests of significance 2 Introduction to SPSS 1 1 1 Proportion test 1	Introduction to Sample Size Calculation		1	1	
Introduction to SPSS 1 1 1 Proportion test 1	Data presentation		1	1	
Proportion test 1	Tests of significance		2		
	Introduction to SPSS		1	1	
Chi-square test	Proportion test			1	
, I	Chi-square test			1	

Student T test, Paired T test			1
ANOVA test			1
Correlation (simple and multiple)			1
Regression			1
Screening		1	1
Total		30	15
5. Teaching and Learning Methods	learning apmixes virtuactivities with of study measures study is only online learned at Minia Unit at Minia Unit Pre-India Praction Assignments Assign	oproach was lal face-to-falith the online ethod is offlicine ning material siversity site	emic, blended adopted that ace interaction e learning. 60% ane and 40% of a sare available face lectures, eo lectures
6. Teaching and Learning Methods for students with limited Capacity	Outstanding student rewarded certificate of appreciation due to		
7. Student Asse	ssment		
D. Student Assessment Methods	general intellec 7.2- Writter • Short 6		skills, ess knowledge.

	7.3- Practical Exams: to assess practical
	skills, intellectual skills.
	7.4- Oral Exams: Oral exams to assess
	knowledge and understanding,
	attitude, communication
	7.5- Structured oral exams: to assess
	knowledge.
	Assessment 1: Final written exam
C. Accessorate Cabadula /Timing of Foob Mathad	week: 24-28
E. Assessment Schedule (Timing of Each Method	Assessment 2: Oral exam week: 24-28
of Assessment)	Assessment 3: Practical exam week: 24-
	28
	- Final Written Examination 100%
	- Oral Examination 100%
F. Weighting of Each Method of Assessment	- Practical Examination 100%
	- Total 100%
8- List of Refer	ences
A. Course Notes/handouts	- Department notes, lectures and
A. Course Notes/Handouts	handouts
B. Essential Books	- The Lancet Handbook of Essential
B. Essential books	Concepts in Clinical Research
	Research methods:
	- Introducing Research Methodology;
	A Beginner's Guide to Doing a
	Research Project
	- Understanding Clinical Research,
C. Recommended Textbooks	Renato Lopes and Robert
	Harrington; ISBN-10: 0071746781
	ISBN-13: 978-0071746786
	- Users' guides to the medical
	literature: a manual for evidence-
	based clinical practice: Guyatt, G., D.

Rennie, M. Meade and D. Cook (2002), AMA press Chicago. - Research Methods in Community Medicine: Surveys, Epidemiological Research, Program Evaluation, Clinical Trials, 6th Edition Joseph Abramson, Z. H. Abramson Computer: Discovering statistics using IBM SPSS statistics, Field, A. (2013). sage. Medical Statistics: A Guide to SPSS, Data Analysis and Critical Appraisal, Belinda Barton, Jennifer Peat - 2nd EditionEveritt, Brian S. Medical statistics from A to Z: a guide for clinicians and medical students. Cambridge University Press, 2021. Bowers, David. Medical statistics from scratch: an introduction for health professionals. John Wiley & Sons, 2019. Aviva, P. (2005): Medical Statistics at a Glance, Blackwell Company, 2nd , ed., Philadelphia https://phrp.nihtraining.com/users /login.php http://www.jhsph.edu/ D. Periodicals, websites Journal of Biomedical Education https://lagunita.stanford.edu/cours es/Medicine/MedStats-SP/SelfPaced/about?fbclid=IwAR3n

firLM4wnuEqqUjLjk8TCR7lzPdnpGq
win06L-GjFq32a62w3j6R5s9c

 Course Coordinators: Lecturers: Dr / Chrestina Monir, Dr Shaimma Mahmoud

Head of Department: Professor Dr. Nashwa Nabil Kamal

Nasha N. Kan

Date of program specifications 1st approval by department council: 13/5/2013.

Date of <u>last update</u> & approval by <u>department council</u>: 6/3/2023

Medical Statistics and Research Methodology	مسمى المقرر	جامعة / أكاديمية : المنيا
	**	كلية / معهد : الطب
PE 100	كود المقرر	قسم : الصحة العامة والطب الوقائي

Matrix of Coverage of Course ILOs By Contents

	W	Inte	Intended Learning Outcomes (ILOs)				
	е	A. Knowledge	В.	C.	D. General &		
Contents	е	&	Intellectual	Professional	Transferable		
(List of course	k	Understanding	Skills	& Practical	Skills		
topics)	N			skills			
	0	Α	В	С	D		
	•						
Introduction :		A.1, A.2,					
- Introduction to							
research.							
- Terminology and							
Rationale							
- Originality							
- Study design :		A.3, A.4,	B.I, B.2,	C.1,			

-Cross sectional		B.3, B.4,		
study and the				
prevalence rate				
-Cohort study,				
incidence rate,				
relative &				
attributable risk				
-Case-control				
study, Odd's ratio				
sampling				
-Experimental				
study and clinical				
trials				
- Sources of		B.3,	C.5	
Errors in				
Medical				
Research				
- Bias and				
confounding and				
its Control.				
- Validity and				
reliability				
- The			C.2,	
questionnaire				
design				
- Writing the		В.3,	C.3,	D.1, D.2, D.3
Research Paper				
or Manuscript				
- Protocol Writing				
- Critic technique				
for the literature				
review				
L	<u> </u>		I	

- Association and	A.6,		C.4,	
causation				
- Evidence -based	A.5,			
approach in				
medical practice				
- Ethics of	A.7			
medical research				
	Stat	tistics .		
Sampling	A.8, A.9, A.11			D.4
Introduction to	A.10		C.10	D.4
Sample Size				
Calculation				
Data	A.13, A.14	B.6	C.9	D.4
presentation				
Tests of	A.15, A16	B.5	C.11	D.4
significance				
Introduction to	A.12	B.6	C.6, C7, C8	D.5, D.6
SPSS				
Proportion test	A.11	B.7, B8		D.5, D.6
Chi-square test	A.11	B.7, B8		D.5, D.6
Student T test,	A.11	B.7, B8		D.5, D.6
Paired T test				
ANOVA test	A.11	B.7, B8		D.5, D.6
Correlation	A.11	B.7, B8		D.5, D.6
(simple and				
multiple)				
Regression	A.17	B.7, B8		D.5, D.6
Screening	A.18, A.19	B.7, B8	C.12	D.4

Matrix of Coverage of Course ILOs by Methods of Teaching & Learning

	Intended 1	Learning Out	comes (ILOs)	
	A. Knowledge &	В.	C.	D. General
Methods of	Understanding	Intellectua	Professiona	&
Teaching &		l Skills	1 &	Transferabl
Learning			Practical	e Skills
			skills	
	A	В	С	D
Lecture	A.1, A.2, A.3, A.4, A.5,	B.1, B.2,		
	A.6, A.7,	B.3, B.4,		
	A.8,A9,A10,A11,A12,A1	B5,B.6,		
	3 A.14, A.15, A.16,A17,	B.7, B.8		
	A.18			
Practical			C1, C.3, C4,	
			C.5, C.6,	
			C.7, C.8.	
			C.9, C.10,	
			C11,C.12	
Assignmen	A.11, A.13, A.18	B.7, B.8	C.2, C.6, C.8,	D.1, D.2.,
t			C.9, C.10,	D.4, D.5, D.6
			C.12	

Matrix of Coverage of Course ILOs by Methods of Assessment

	Into	Intended Learning Outcomes (ILOs)					
	A. Knowledge	В.	C.	D. General &			
Methods of	&	Intellectual	Professional	Transferable			
Assessment	Understanding	Skills	& Practical	Skills			
			skills				
	A	В	C	D			
Written	A.3, A.4, A.5,	B.3, B.5,					
paper-based exam	A.6, A.7, A.8,						
	A.9, A.14, A.15,						
exam	A16, A18						
Practical exam			C.1, C.2, C.5,				
(Statistical			C.6, C.7, C.8,				
,			C.9, C.10,				
exam)			C.11, C.12				
	A.10, A11, A.12,	B.1, B.2,		D.1, D.2, D.5,			
Oral exam	A13, A.15, A.16,	B.6, B.7, B.8		D.6			
	A.17, A18						

Test blueprint for Uses of computer in Medicine course

Торіс	Hour	% of topic	Total No. of items	Written exam (100 marks)		Marks (Percentages)	Modified marks (Percentages)
				Knowledge	Intellectual		
Use of Computer in							
Medicine							
General concepts							
Introduction to Microsoft	4	20%	6	4	2	30%	30%
PowerPoint							
Health Information Systems	4	20%	4	4		20%	15%
(HIS)	4	20%	4	4		20%	13%
Telemedicine	4	20%	6	2	4	25%	30%
Software Used in the Health	4	200/	5	4	1	200/	150/
Care	4	20%	3	4	1	20%	15%
Big Data Analysis in Health	4	20%	1	1		5%	10%
Total	20	100%	20			100%	100%

Test blueprint for Research methodology course

Topic	Hour	% of topic	Total No. of		Written exam (100 marks)		Modified marks	
		-	items	Knowledge	Intellectual	2	(Percentages)	
Research								
Introduction: - Introduction to research Terminology and Rationale - Originality	3	10%	5	4	1	7%	5%	
- Study design	4	13.3%	8	3	5	17%	17%	
- Sources of Errors in Medical Research - Bias and confounding and its Control.	3	10%	4	2	2	13%	10%	
- Validity and reliability	2	6.67%	3	2	1	7%	5%	
- The questionnaire design	2	6.67%	3	1	2	5%	5%	
- Writing the Research Paper or Manuscript - Protocol Writing	2	6.67%	4	1	3	13%	10%	
- Critic technique for the literature review	2	6.67%	2	1	1	7%	5%	
- Association and causation	1	3.33%	3	2	1	7%	8%	
- Evidence - based approach in medical practice	2	6.67%	1	1		3%	5%	
- Ethics of medical research	2	6.67%	2	2		3%	6%	
Statistics								

Sampling	1	3.33%	2	1	1	4%	4%
Introduction to Sample Size Calculation	1	3.33%	1	1		2%	2%
Data presentation	1	3.33%	3	2	1	5%	4%
Tests of significance	2	6.67%	2	1	1	8%	8%
Introduction to SPSS	1	3.33%	1	1		3%	3%
Screening	1	3.33%	2	1	1	3%	3%
Total	30	100%					100%





جامعة/أكاديمية :المنيا
كلية / معهد:الطب البشري
قسم:الفسيولوجيا الطبية

Medical Physiology Course Specifications

For 1st Part (MD) Degree in Pediatrics

University: Minia

Faculty: Medicine

Faculty offering the program: Faculty of Medicine.

Department offering the course: Medical Physiology Department.

Program(s), on which the course in given: MD Degree in Pediatrics.

Major or minor element of program(s): Medical Physiology.

Academic year/level: 1st part MD degree in Pediatrics.

Date of specification approval: 2022-2023 Last update:2023

Basic Information

Title:Physiology course specifications for 1st part MD degree of Pediatrics

Code: PE100 **Credit Hours:** Not applicable

Lectures: 2 hours / week

Tutorial/Practical: Not applicable

Professional information

OVERALL AIM OF COURSE:

The aim of the course is to provide the postgraduate students with sufficient and detailed basic knowledge about the physiological principles that help in understanding the underlying mechanisms for pediatric diseases that help in better interpretation of symptoms, investigations and management.

INTENDED LEARNING OUTCOMES OF COURSE (ILOs)

A. Knowledge and Understanding:

By the end of the course, the student should be able to:

A1. Physiology of Blood:

- **1.1.** Discuss in details composition of blood and general functions.
- **1.2.** Explain in details RBCs structure, formation and related diseases.
- **1.3.** Describe in details blood groups Rh factor and precautions of blood transfusion.
- 1.4. Describe in details immune system and mechanisms of certain immunological diseases
- **1.5.** Discuss in details the mechanisms of Haemostasis and pediatric hemostatic disorders.

A2. Physiology of Cardiovascular System (CVS):

- **2.1.** Discuss Heart rate and its regulation.
- **2.2.** Describe physiology of normal heart sounds and ECG.
- **2.3.** Describe ABP and its regulation.
- **2.4.** Explain COP and factors affecting it.
- **2.5.** Recognize special circulations (capillary and body fluid formation).

A3. Physiology of Central Nervous System and autonomic nervous system:

- **3.1.** Identify function of NS and clinical related pediatric disorders.
- **3.2.** Discuss Motor function of NS, and clinical related pediatric disorders.
- **3.3.** Enumerate distribution and functions of sympathetic NS.
- **3.4.** Enumerate distribution and functions of parasympathetic NS.

3.5. Explain chemical transmitters, receptors and effects of its disturbances.

A4. Physiological basis of Metabolism:

4.1. Discuss in details regulation of body temperature and mechanism of fever & disorders.

A5. Physiological basis of Endocrinal System:

- **5.1.**Explain role of Growth hormone as regard functions, control of secretion, defects of secretion and its impact in children.
- **5.2.**Discuss in details role of Thyroid hormone as regard functions, control of secretion, defects of secretion.
- **5.3.**Enumerate in details Glucocorticoids: functions, control of secretion, defects of secretion.
- **5.4.**Describe in details role of insulin hormone in pediatric growth and related disorders
- **5.5.** Discuss in details Calcium homeostasis and its effects in children.

A6. Physiology of Respiratory System:

- 6.1. Explain in details mechanism of respiration and causes of respiratory distress.
- 6.2.Describe central and peripheral regulation of respiration.
- 6.3. Discuss in details hypoxia and cyanosis.

A7. Physiology of Digestive System:

- **7.1.** Explain in details mechanisms of upper GIT motility (mastication, deglutition, gastric motility and vomiting).
- **7.2.** List the functions, types and control of salivary secretion.
- **7.3.** Discuss in details pancreatic secretion, liver, bile and jaundice.
- **7.4.** Describe in details intestinal motility and secretion.
- **7.5.** Enumerate types and functions of gastrointestinal hormones.

A8. Physiology of Urinary system:

- **8.1.** Discuss in details mechanisms of renal tubular transport.
- **8.2.** Describe in details acid base balance and its clinical disorders.
- **8.3.** Explain in details water and electrolyte balance and related disorders.
- **8.4.** Recognize renal function tests and their interpretation in kidney diseases.

B. Intellectual Skills:

By the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- **B1.** Develop the skills for demonstrating different functions of the body systems and diagnose deviation from normality as detected disease state.
- **B2.** Assess the problems associated with different factors, which affect the normal function of different body systems.

C. Practical Skills:

Practical hours: - not applicable

D. General and Transferable Skills:

By the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- **D1.** Adopt the principles of lifelong learning.
- **D2.** Prepare and present clearly and effectively a scientific topic in a tutorial, a staff meeting or the yearly scientific day.
- **D3.** Work efficiently within a team, honor and respect his colleagues.

Curriculum structure & contents:

Topic:	No. of	Total no.
1. Physiology of Blood:	Lectures	of hours
- Discuss in details composition of blood and general functions.		
- Explain in details RBCs structure, formation and related diseases.	3	6
- Describe in details blood groups Rh factor and precautions of blood transfusion.		
- Describe in details immune system and mechanisms of certain immunological diseases		
- Discuss in details the mechanisms of Haemostasis and pediatric hemostatic disorders.		
2. Physiology of Cardiovascular System (CVS):		
- Discuss Heart rate and its regulation.		
- Describe physiology of normal heart sounds and ECG.	3	6
- Describe ABP and its regulation.		
- Explain COP and factors affecting it.		
- Recognize special circulations (capillary and body fluid formation).		
3. Physiology of Central Nervous System and autonomic NS:		
- Identify function of NS and clinical related pediatric disorders.		
- Discuss Motor function of NS, and clinical related pediatric disorders.		
- Enumerate distribution and functions of sympathetic NS.	4	8
- Enumerate distribution and functions of parasympathetic NS.		
- Explain chemical transmitters, receptors and effects of its disturbances.		
4. Physiological basis of Metabolism:		

- Discuss in details regulation of body temperature and mechanism of fever	1	2
& disorders.		
5. Physiological basis of Endocrinal System:		
- Explain role of Growth hormone as regard functions, control of		
secretion, defects of secretion and its impact in children.		
- Discuss in details role of Thyroid hormone as regard functions, control of secretion, defects of secretion.	4	8
secretion, defects of secretion.		
- Enumerate in details Glucocorticoids: functions, control of secretion,		
defects of secretion.		
- Describe in details role of insulin hormone in pediatric growth and		
related disorders		
- Discuss in details Calcium homeostasis and its effects in children.		
6. Physiology of Respiratory System:		
- Explain in details mechanism of respiration and causes of respiratory		
distress.		
- Describe central and peripheral regulation of respiration.		
- Discuss in details hypoxia and cyanosis.		
7. Physiology of Digestive System:	3	6
- Explain in details mechanisms of upper GIT motility (mastication, deglutition, gastric motility and vomiting).	-	
- List the functions, types and control of salivary secretion.		
- Discuss in details pancreatic secretion, liver, bile and jaundice.		
- Describe in details intestinal motility and secretion.		
- Enumerate types and functions of gastrointestinal hormones.		

8. Physiology of Urinary System:	3	6
- Discuss in details mechanisms of renal tubular transport.		
- Describe in details acid base balance and its clinical disorders.		
- Explain in details water and electrolyte balance and related disorders.		
- Recognize renal function tests and their interpretation in kidney diseases.	3	6
Total	24	48

TEACHING AND LEARNING METHODS:

- 1. Lectures (2hr/wk.) throughout the academic year interchangeable with recorded lectures.
- 2. Self-learning activities such as use of internet and multimedia.

STUDENT ASSESSMENT METHODS:

- **1. Written exam** to assess the student's knowledge in the form of short essay questions and /or MCQs.
- **2. Oral exam** to assess student's knowledge, intellectual and general skills as well as assessing the verbal communication abilities.
- 3. Log book.

Assessment Schedule:

- Assessment 1: Final written exam.
- Assessment 2: Final oral exam.

Weighting of assessment:

Final written exam
Final oral exam
100 marks (50%)
100 marks (50%)

• Total 200 marks (100%)

LIST OF REFERENCES:

1. Department books and notes.

Prepared by Medical Physiology Department staff members, Faculty of Medicine, Minia University.

- 2. Essential books (Text Books):
 - Ganong review of medical physiology.
 - Guyton text book of medical physiology.
- 3. Periodicals, Web sites... etc.

FACILITIES REQUIRED FOR TEACHING AND LEARNING:

- 1. Classrooms with data show for lectures.
- 2. Computers and internet facilities.

Course Coordinator,

Head of Department,

Dr. Adel Hussien Saad

Dr. Merhan M. Ragy

Professor of Medical Physiology Faculty Prof. & Head of Medical Physiology Department of Medicine, Minia University of Medicine, Minia University

Merhan M.Ragy





	:المنياالمنا	جامعة/أكاديمية
	الطب البشري	كلية / معهد:
	الفسيولوجيا الطبية	قسم:
Physiology course specifications for 1st Part MD degree in Pediatrics	مسمى المقرر	
PE100	كود المقرر	I

A. Matrix of Coverage of Course ILOs by Contents

Contents													In	te	nd	ed	Lea	arr	nin	g C	ut	со	me	es I	LO	s												
										Ir el ct a sk	le tu il till	Tra ra	&	ral sfe le																								
	A 1. 1	A 1. 2	A 1. 3	A 1. 4	A 1. 5	A 2. 1	A 2. 2	A 2. 3	A 2. 4	A 2. 5	A 3. 1	A 3. 2	A 3. 3	A 3. 4	A 3. 5	A 4. 1	A 5. 1	A 5. 2	A 5. 3	A 5. 4	A 5. 5	A 6. 1	A 6. 2	A 6. 3	A 7. 1	A 7. 2	A 7. 3	A 7. 4	A 7. 5	A 8. 1	A 8. 2	A 8. 3	A 8. 4	B 1	B 2	D 1	D 2	D 3
1. Physiology of Blood	х	х	х	Х	Х																													Х	Х	х	Х	х
2. Physiology of Cardiovascular System (CVS)						х	х	х	х	х																								х	x	х	X	x
3. Physiology of Central and autonomic NS											х	х		х	х																			х	X	X	х	X
4. Physiologic al basis of Metabolis m																х																		Х	х	Х	Х	Х

5. Physiologic al basis of Endocrinal								х	х	х	х	х													Х	X	Х	x	х
System			_																										
6. Physiology of Respiratory System													х	X	X										Х	X	Χ	X	х
7. Physiology of Digestive System																Х	Χ	Х	Х	Х					х	х	Х	Х	Х
8. Physiology of Urinary System																					Х	х	х	х	Х	X	X	X	Х

B. Matrix of Coverage of Course ILOs by Methods of Teaching & Learning

	Intended Learning Outcomes (ILOs)										
Methods of Teaching & Learning	A. Knowledge & Understanding	B. Intellectual Skills	C. Professional & Practical skills	D. General & Transferable Skills							
	Α	В	С	D							
Lectures	Х	Х	-	Х							
Self-learning activities	Х	Х	-								

C. Matrix of Coverage of Course ILOs by Methods of Assessment

	Intended Learning Outcomes (ILOs)										
Methods of Assessment	A. Knowledge & Understanding	B. Intellectual Skills	C. Professional & Practical skills	D. General & Transferable Skills							
	Α	В	С	D							
Written exam	х	Х	-	-							
Oral Exam	х	Х	-	Х							
Log Book	Х	Х	-	Х							

Course Coordinator, Head of Department,

Dr. Adel Hussien Saad

Dr. Merhan M. Ragy

Professor of Medical Physiology
Professor & Head of Medical Physiology Department
Faculty of Medicine, Minia University
Faculty of Medicine, Minia University



<u>Blueprint of Postgraduate Physiology Course for MD degree (1st part) of Pediatrics</u> <u>Department (Code: PE 100) (100 marks)</u>

Торіс	Ho ur s	Kn ow led ge %	Intelle ctual %	Wei ght %	IL Os	Act ual Ma rk
1. Physiology of Blood: Discuss in details composition of blood and general functions. Explain in details RBCs structure, formation and related diseases. Describe in details blood groups Rh factor and precautions of blood transfusion. Describe in details immune system and mechanisms of certain immunological diseases Discuss in details the mechanisms of Haemostasis and pediatric hemostatic disorders.	6	75	25	12.5	A1	12.5
2. Physiology of Cardiovascular System: Discuss Heart rate and its regulation. Describe physiology of normal heart sounds and ECG. Describe ABP and its regulation. Explain COP and factors affecting it. Recognize special circulations (capillary and body fluid formation)	6	75	25	12.5	A2	12.5
3. Physiology of Central and autonomic nervous system: Identify function of NS and clinical related pediatric disorders. Discuss Motor function of NS, and clinical related pediatric disorders. Enumerate distribution and functions of sympathetic NS. Enumerate distribution and functions of parasympathetic NS. Explain chemical transmitters, receptors and effects of its disturbances.	8	75	25	16.5	A3	16.5

4. Physiological basis of Metabolism:	2	75	25	4.5	A4	4.5
Discuss in details regulation of body						
temperature and mechanism of fever &						
disorders.						
5. Physiological basis of Endocrinal	8	75	25	16.5	A5	16.5
System: Explain role of Growth hormone						
as regard functions, control of secretion,						
defects of secretion and its impact in						
children. Discuss in details role of						
Thyroid hormone as regard functions,						
control of secretion, defects of secretion.						
Enumerate in details Glucocorticoids:						
functions, control of secretion, defects of						
secretion. Describe in details role of						
insulin hormone in pediatric growth and						
related disorders Discuss in details						
Calcium homeostasis and its effects in						
children.						
6. Physiology of Respiratory System: -	6	75	25	12.5	A6	12.5
Explain in details mechanism of						
respiration and causes of respiratory						
distress. Describe central and peripheral						
regulation of respiration. Discuss in						
details hypoxia and cyanosis.						
7. Physiology of Digestive System: Explain in details mechanisms of upper GIT motility (mastication, deglutition, gastric motility and vomiting). List the functions, types and control of salivary secretion. Discuss in details pancreatic secretion, liver, bile and jaundice. Describe in details intestinal motility and	6	75	25	12.5	A7	12.5

secretion. Enumerate types and functions of gastrointestinal hormones.						
8. Physiology of Urinary system: Discuss in details mechanisms of renal tubular transport. Describe in details acid base balance and its clinical disorders. Explain in details water and electrolyte balance and related disorders. Recognize renal function tests and their interpretation in kidney diseases.	6	75	25	12.5	A8	12.5
Total	48			100%		100

Postgraduate Pathology Course Specification for the first part MD degree in Pediatrics





COURSE SPECIFICATION OF PATHOLOGY

DOCTORATE DEGREE IN PAEDIATRIC STUDENTS (2022-2023)

University: MiniaFaculty: Medicine

* Program on which the course is given: Doctorate Degree in Paediatrics

Major or minor element of program: Pathology

Department offering the program: Pathology Department

Department offering the course: Department of Pathology

* Academic year / Level: First part

Date of specification approval: Last date of approval: 12/2/2023

[1]- Basic Information		
	Course Title:	
Academic Year/level:		Code: PA100
Postgraduate; 1 st Part MD Pediatrics	COURSE SPECIFICATION OF	Coue. PA100
	PATHOLOGY (MD PAEDIATRICS)	

• NUMBER OF TEACHING HOURS:

LECTURES: TOTAL OF 24 HOURS; 1 HOUR/WEEK

Practical: No

[2]- PROFESSIONAL INFORMATION

(I)- Overall aims of the course

- 1. Acquire relevant basic information and correlate them with essential clinical data to reach a final diagnosis.
- 2. Gain skills of basic & modern pathological laboratory techniques as well as principals of anatomical pathology.
- 3. Dealing with various biopsies and anatomical pathology reports and correlate such information with the relevant provided clinical data.
- 4. Learn the basics of essential techniques and follow issues related to maintenance of safety and maintenance of available resources.

(II)- Intended learning outcomes of course (ILOs):

Upon completion of the course, the student should be able to:

(A)- Knowledge and understanding

A1: Identify the basics of anatomical cellular pathology.

A2: Recognize the causes of cell injury and its consequences, Identify the basics of general pathological features of inflammation.

A3: Describe the process of tissue healing

A4: Recognize infectious agents and bacterial infections

A5: Describe in details granuloma pathogenesis, types, and pathology

A6: Explain mycobacterial infection

A7: Recognize different forms of haemodynamic disorders and their underlying pathogenesis

A8: Recognize the pathological aspects of genetic and immune diseases

A9: Recognize the pathological aspects of chilhood diseases

A10: Recognize the pathological aspects of neoplasms

A11: Define and discuss the main disease categories of the cardiovascular system

A12: Define and discuss the main disease categories of the respiratory system

A13: Define and discuss the main disease categories of the gastrointestinal tract

A14: Define and discuss the main disease categories of the hepatobiliary system and pancreas

A15: Define and discuss the main disease categories of the kidney and urinary tract

A16: Define and discuss the main disease categories of the haematopoietic and lymphopoietic systems

A17: Define and discuss the main disease categories of CNS

(B)- Intellectual Skills	B1: Correlate & evaluate the gross and microscopic features of different
(D) Intercettual Skins	disease process with available clinical data to provide a list of differential
	diagnosis for further advanced investigations to reach the correct diagnosis.
	B2: Evaluate and control efficiently potential risks that may arise during the
	professional practice in various clinical situations like handling and
	processing of specimens as well as during performing different essential
	laboratory techniques
	C1: Demonstrate competency on dealing with anatomical pathology
(C)- Professional and	specimens in view of adopted standards as well as quality & safety
Practical Skills	procedures.
	C2. Practice efficiently basic and modern laboratory techniques that include
	histochemical, immunohistochemical and other principal procedures such
	as biopsy preservation
	C3: Counsel expertise in the lab regarding the basics of essential techniques
	and issues related to maintain safety and available resources.
	D1: Demonstrate efficient communication & interpersonal skills in all its
(D)- General and	forms and in different situations that may involve senior staff, colleagues,
transferable Skills	students, lab technical staff, other health care professionals, and patients
	D2: Use efficiently the information technology and select reliable sources
	of information to get essential information and updates regarding the
	different topics and techniques in surgical pathology.
	D3: Develop skills of self-evaluation and identify personal learning needs
	to plan for self-development and continuous medical education
	D4: Demonstrate the skills of effective time management.

[3]- Course Contents

TOPIC	Contact hours			
TOPIC	Lecture	Practical	Total	
	(A)- General	l Pathology	
[1]- Routine and special techniques in surgical pathology and the related safety & quality measures.	30 min	-	1	
[2]- Handling of anatomical pathology specimens and the related safety & quality measures.	30 min	-	1	
[3]- Cell injury and cellular adaptation	1	-	1	
[4]- Inflammation and granulomas	1	-	1	
[5]- Tissue healing and repair	1	-	1	
[6]- bacteraemia, septicaemia, toxaemia, pyemia	1	-	1	
[7]- Infectious diseases and Tuberculosis	1	-	1	
[8]- Hemodynamic disorders	1	-	1	

[9]- Genetic and immune diseases	1	-	1
[10]- Diseases of infancy and childhood	1	-	1
[11]- Neoplastic disorders	1	-	1
(B)- Systemic Pathology			
[1]- Diseases of cardiovascular system	2	-	2
[2]- Diseases of the respiratory system	2	-	2
[3]- Diseases of the gastrointestinal tract	2	-	2
[4]- Diseases of the hepatobiliary system and pancreas	2	-	2
[5]- Diseases of kidney & urinary tract	2	-	2
[6]- Diseases of the haematopoietic and lymphopoietic systems	2	-	2
[7]- Diseases of CNS	2	-	2
Total	24	-	24

[4]- Teaching and Learning Methods

- A- Straight lectures; power point presentations
- B- Brain storming with the students
- C- Case study, Questions and Answers

[5]- Teaching and learning methods to students with limited capacity: Not applicable

[6]- Student assessment

[0]- Student assessment						
	Attendance criteria: by faculty regulations (Activity					
(A)- Student assessment methods	logbook)					
	Assessment Tools:					
	{I}- Final Written exam:					
	A- Short essay to assess knowledge and understanding					
	B- Problem solving to assess intellectual skills					
	C- MCQ to assess knowledge and intellectual skills					
	{II}- Oral exam; to assess knowledge, understanding,					
	intellectual skills, attitude, and communication.					
	1- Final Written exam					
(B)- Assessment schedule	2- Oral exam					
	1 5' 137 '4 400/ (34 1)					
(C)- Weighting of assessment	1- Final Written exam 40% (Marks)					
(C)- Weighting of assessment	2 Oral Cxam 60% (Warks)					
	Total 100% (Marks)					

[7]- List of References

(A)- Course Notes/handouts	Lectures handouts by staff members
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(B)-Essential Books (textbooks)	Robbins Basic Pathology, 10 th Edition (2018) By Kumar, Abbas, Aster.
(C)-Recommended Books	Differential Diagnosis in Surgical Pathology 2021
(D)-Periodicals	Modern Pathology Diagnostic Histopathology Cancer Annals of diagnostic pathology
(E)-Web sites	https://www.webpathology.com/index.asp https://www.pathologyoutlines.com/

[8]- FACILITIES REQUIRED FOR TEACHING AND LEARNING

I- CLASSROOMS FOR THEORETICAL LECTURES AND

TUTORIALS

II- Laboratories for practical

Course Coordinator: Professor Nisreen Abdel Tawab Abdel Gaber

Head of Department: Professor Heba Mohamed Tawfik

جامعة المنيا كلية الطب البشري قسم طب الاطفال

مسمى المقرر: Course Specification of Pathology MD degree of Pediatrics (First part)

كود المقرر: PA100

(A)- The matrix of coverage of course ILOs by contents

	Intended Learning Outcomes (ILOs)					
Contents	A. Knowledge & Understanding	B. Intellectual Skills	C. Professional & Practical skills	D. General & Transferable Skills		
(A)- General pathology						
[1]- Routine and special techniques in surgical pathology and the related safety & quality measures. [2]- Handling of anatomical pathology specimens and the related safety & quality measures.						
[3]- Cell injury and cell death[4]- Inflammation and granulomas[5]- Tissue Healing and Repair[6]- bacterial infections	A1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10	B 1, 2	C 1, 2, 3	D 1, 2		
[7]- Infectious diseases & Tuberculosis [8]- Hemodynamic disorders [9]- Genetic and immune diseases [10]- Diseases of infancy and chilhood [11]- Neoplastic disorders						
(B)- Systemic pathology						
[1]- Diseases of cardiovascular system	A11	B1,2	C1 2 2	D1 2		
[2]- Diseases of the respiratory system	A12	D1,2	C 1, 2, 3	D 1, 2		

[3]- Diseases of the gastrointestinal tract.	A13
[4]- Diseases of the hepatobiliary system and pancreas	A14
[5]- Diseases of the kidney and urinary tract	A15
[6]- Diseases of the haematopoietic and lymphopoietic systems	A16
[7]- Diseases of CNS	A17

(B)- Matrix of Coverage of Course ILOs by Methods of Teaching & Learning

	Intended learning outcomes (ILOs)				
Methods of teaching & learning	A. Knowledge & Understanding	B. Intellectual Skills	C. Professional & Practical skills	D. General & Transferable Skills	
Lecture			NA	NA	
Practical					
Presentation/seminar	NA	NA			
Journal club			NA		
Training courses & workshops					

(C)- Matrix of Coverage of Course ILOs by Methods of Assessment ${\bf C}$

	Intended learning outcomes (ILOs)				
Methods of Assessment	A. Knowledge & Understanding	B. Intellectual Skills	C. Professional & Practical skills	D. General & Transferable Skills	
Written exam			NA	NA	
Practical exam					
Clinical exam	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Oral Exam					
Assignment			NA	NA	
Structured oral exams	NA	NA	NA	NA	



Blueprint of 1st part of MD of Pediatrics Department

Topic	Hours	Knowledg e	Intellectu al%	% of topic	Marks	Actual
The cell as unit of health and disease	1	70	30	4.16	3	3
Inflammation, Granulomas	1	75	25	4.16	3	3
Cellular pathology (injury and adaptation)	1	75	25	4.16	3	3
Healing and repair	1	70	30	4.16	3	3
Bacterial infections	1	75	25	4.16	3	3
Infectious diseases	1	75	25	4.16	3	3
Hemodynamic disorders	1	70	30	4.16	3	3
Genetic and Immune diseases	1	75	25	4.16	3	3
Diseases of Infancy and childhood	1	80	20	4.16	3	3
Neoplastic disorders	1	75	25	4.16	3	3
Diseases of heart and blood vessels	2	75	25	8.3	10	10
Diseases of respiratory system	2	70	30	8.3	10	10
Diseases of gastrointestinal tract	2	75	25	8.3	10	10
Diseases of the hepatobiliary system and	2	70	30	8.3	10	10
Diseases of kidney & urinary tract	2	75	25	8.3	10	10
Diseases of lymphatic and hematopiotic systems	2	75	25	8.3	10	10
Diseases of CNS	2	80	20	8.3	10	10
Total	24			100%	100	100

Course Specifications of Pediatrics for Second part MD of pediatrics

University: Minia Faculty: Medicine

Department: Pediatric Department

1. Basic Information					
Academic Year/level: Second part	Course Title:	Code: PE100			
Pediatric MD	Pediatrics MD				
	2. course Aims				
	By the end of the c	course the student should be able			
	to perform the following:				
	History and Physical Examination:				
	Acquisition of a medical history and the performance of				
	a comprehensive physical examination in pediatric				
	patients with acut	te and chronic diseases necessitating			
	hospital admissior	n.			
	Case Presentation	ns:			
	Students are expected to effectively record an initial				
	history and physical examination and follow-up notes as				
	well as deliver comprehensive oral presentations to				
	their team members based on these written documents.				
	Data Interpretati	on:			

Basic understanding of routine laboratory and ancillary tests, including complete blood count, chemistry panels, ECG, chest x-rays, pulmonary function tests, and body fluid cell counts. In addition, students will properly understand the necessity of incorporating sensitivity, specificity, and pre-test probability in the ordering of individual tests in the context of evaluating pediatric patients' signs and symptoms.

Diagnostic Decision Making:

The formulation of a differential diagnosis with up-todate scientific evidence and clinical judgment using history and physical examination data and the development of a prioritized problem list to select tests and make effective therapeutic decisions.

Therapeutic Decision Making:

This objective includes assessing the risks, benefits, and costs of varying, effective treatment options; involving the patient in decision-making via open discussion; selecting drugs from within classes; and the design of basic treatment programs and using critical pathways when appropriate.

Communication and Relationships with Patients and Colleagues:

The establishment of rapport with pediatric patients by identifying important psychosocial issues and providing patient-centered care through specific medical treatment as well as education. In addition, the development of effective communication skills demonstrating respect, compassion and integrity in

working relationships with fellow students, house staff, faculty, nurses, and ancillary personnel. In each of these components, sensitivity to racial and cultural diversity should be demonstrated.

Bioethics of Patient Care:

The development of a functional understanding of informed consent, advanced directives, and the physician-patient relationship. The trainees shall be able to handle End of Life issues, conflicting opinions, palliative care; organ donations and issues of gender dysphoria.

Self-directed Learning:

The identification of key information resources and the utilization of the medical literature to expand one's knowledge base and to search for answers to medical problems. They will keep abreast of the current literature and be able to integrate it to clinical practice.

Medicine:

The promotion of health via immunizations, periodic health screening, and risk factor assessment and modification.

Research and Scientific Knowledge:

Practice evidence-based learning with reference to research and scientific knowledge pertaining to their discipline.

3. Intended learning outcomes of course (ILOs):

Upon completion of the course, the student should be able to:

	Following competencies are expected from a
	student completing MD Pediatric training;
	A.1.Identify basic knowledge of growth and
	development (physical, physiologic and psychosocial) of
	a child and of its birth clinical application from through
	adolescence.
	A.2.Identify social, economic, environ-mental, biological
	and emotional determinants of child and adolescent
	health, and institute diagnostic, therapeutic,
	rehabilitative, preventive and promotive measures to
	provide holistic care to children
	A.3. Identify knowledge necessary for the diagnosis and
	initial management of common pediatric acute and
A- Knowledge and	chronic illness.
Understanding	A.4. Recognize Structured didactic exposure and
	evaluation covering the full spectrum of outpatient care
	of the pediatric patient.
	A.5. Illustrate the influence of family, community and
	society on the child in health and disease.
	A.6. Recognize the importance of determining the
	psychosocial condition (status) of the parents and the
	child.
	A.7. Identify common chromosomal disorders and is
	able to provide genetic counseling · Assess, classify and
	rehabilitate nutritional disorders in child.
	A.8. Define the APGAR scoring system and its
	interpretation.
B- Intellectual Skills	B.1. Compare between personal biases and prejudices.

	B.2. Correlate the cultural differences found in varying	
	patient populations.	
	B.3. Observe rules of privacy and confidentiality,	
	particularly in regard to the adolescents.	
	B.4. Develop critical thinking skills and the ability to use	
	evidence-based medicine.	
	B.5. Develop strategies for health promotion as well as	
	disease and injury prevention	
	B.6. Communicate with community agencies, practicing	
	physicians and community health care programs to	
	facilitate optimal care.	
	B.7. Appraise particular subject in depth and utilize	
	appropriate learning resources including texts and	
	literature, consultation with peers, senior colleagues	
	and/or allied professionals to communicate this clearly	
	and effectually in writing.	
	B.8. Develop positive attributes which will serve as the	
	basis for a successful professional.	
	By the end of this program, the candidate should be	
	able to perform the following skills	
	C.1. Take History including psychosocial history	
	C.2. Examine: Physical examination including new born	
C. Bustonianal and	examination	
C- Professional and	C.3.Examine Newborn with Gestation assessment	
Practical Skills	C.4 Assess nutritional anthropometry	
	Assist of growth, use of growth chart	
	C.5. Monitor:	
	Temperature recording	

Pulse oximetry Capnography and end tidal CO2 recording Measurement of peak flow C.6. Perform therapeutic Skills: Nasogastric feeding Endotracheal intubation Cardiopulmonary resuscitation (pediatric and neonatal) Administration of oxygen Venepuncture and establishment of vascula access Collection of blood from central lines Umbilical venous cannulation and sampling Administration of fluids, blood, blood components Parenteral nutrition Intraosseous fluid administration Intrathecal administration of drugs Saphenous vein cut down Common dressings Abscess drainage and basic principles o rehabilitation D- General and transferable Skills D.1. Assess the vital signs in children of various age groups · Routinely and accurately measure,		Peripheral Arterial blood sampling		
Capnography and end tidal CO2 recording Measurement of peak flow C.6. Perform therapeutic Skills: Nasogastric feeding Endotracheal intubation Cardiopulmonary resuscitation (pediatric and neonatal) Administration of oxygen Venepuncture and establishment of vascula access Collection of blood from central lines Umbilical venous cannulation and sampling Administration of fluids, blood, blood components Parenteral nutrition Intraosseous fluid administration Intrathecal administration of drugs Saphenous vein cut down Common dressings Abscess drainage and basic principles of rehabilitation D- General and transferable Skills D-1. Assess the vital signs in children of various age groups · Routinely and accurately measure,				
Measurement of peak flow C.6. Perform therapeutic Skills: Nasogastric feeding Endotracheal intubation Cardiopulmonary resuscitation (pediatric and neonatal) Administration of oxygen Venepuncture and establishment of vascula access Collection of blood from central lines Umbilical venous cannulation and sampling Administration of fluids, blood, blood components Parenteral nutrition Intraosseous fluid administration of Intrathecal administration of drugs Saphenous vein cut down Common dressings Abscess drainage and basic principles of rehabilitation D- General and transferable Skills D-1. Assess the vital signs in children of various age groups · Routinely and accurately measure,		·		
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Cardiopulmonary resuscitation (pediatric and neonatal) Administration of oxygen Venepuncture and establishment of vascula access Collection of blood from central lines Umbilical venous cannulation and sampling Administration of fluids, blood, blood components Parenteral nutrition Intraosseous fluid administration Intrathecal administration of drugs Saphenous vein cut down Common dressings Abscess drainage and basic principles of rehabilitation D- General and transferable Skills D-1. Assess the vital signs in children of various age groups · Routinely and accurately measure,		Nasogastric feeding		
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Collection of blood from central lines Umbilical venous cannulation and sampling Administration of fluids, blood, blood components Parenteral nutrition Intraosseous fluid administration Intrathecal administration of drugs Saphenous vein cut down Common dressings Abscess drainage and basic principles of rehabilitation D- General and transferable Skills D-1. Assess the vital signs in children of various age groups · Routinely and accurately measure,		Venepuncture and establishment of vascular		
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components Parenteral nutrition Intraosseous fluid administration Intrathecal administration of drugs Saphenous vein cut down Common dressings Abscess drainage and basic principles o rehabilitation D- General and D.1. Assess the vital signs in children of various age groups · Routinely and accurately measure,		Umbilical venous cannulation and sampling		
Parenteral nutrition Intraosseous fluid administration Intrathecal administration of drugs Saphenous vein cut down Common dressings Abscess drainage and basic principles o rehabilitation D- General and D.1. Assess the vital signs in children of various age groups · Routinely and accurately measure,		Administration of fluids, blood, blood		
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Saphenous vein cut down Common dressings Abscess drainage and basic principles o rehabilitation D- General and D.1. Assess the vital signs in children of various age groups · Routinely and accurately measure,		Intraosseous fluid administration		
Saphenous vein cut down Common dressings Abscess drainage and basic principles o rehabilitation D- General and D.1. Assess the vital signs in children of various age groups · Routinely and accurately measure,				
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D- General and D.1. Assess the vital signs in children of various transferable Skills age groups · Routinely and accurately measure,				
transferable Skills age groups · Routinely and accurately measure,	D. Ganaral and			
	transferable Skills			
record, and plot growth parameters on				
appropriate growth charts				
D.2. Use developmental assessment as part of				
the physical examination for all age groups. this		the physical examination for all age groups. this		

includes an understanding of the importance of gestational age in the developmental assessment of young children

- D.3. Assess professionalism in relationships with the pediatric patient and family
- D.4. Use the appropriate relevant anatomical markers, indications, contraindications and complications of procedures commonly used in the Pediatrics.
- D.5. Use local and national guidelines for obtaining informed consent.
- D.6. Apply local guidelines for providing sedation and pain relief.
- D.7. Apply practice scrupulous aseptic techniques.
- D.8. Interpret results and undertake a management plan accordingly
- D.9. Record results and document procedures legibly and accurately
- D.10. Use age-appropriate normal ranges of tests commonly requested in the Department setting
- D.11. Understand the positive and negative predictive value of commonly performed tests
- D.12.Explain investigation results to caregivers and/or the patient
- D.13.Enlist the help of play therapists and nursing staff in order to attempt to reduce the anxiety of a child and caregivers.

D.14.	Communicate	with	children,	parents,
health functionaries and social support groups				
D.15. Teach Genetic counseling.				

4.Course Contents

Touis	No of hour	T
Topic	No. of hour	No. of hour practical (cases)
	lecture	
1. Developmental Pediatrics:	7	100
-Principles of growth and		
development		
-Normal growth and development		
in childhood and adolescence		
-Deviations in growth and		
development		
-Sexual maturation and its		
disturbances		
2-Failure to thrive and short		
stature.	8	80
-Approach to Common Clinical		
Presentations:		
-Short stature		
-Obesity		
-Precocious and delayed puberty		
-Developmental delay		
- Impaired learning		
2. Neonatology:	30	350
Common Clinical Disorders:		
-Low birth weight		
-Pre-maturity		

-Common transient phenomena		
-Respiratory distress		
-Apnea - Infections		
- Jaundice		
-Anemia and bleeding disorders		
-Neurologic disorders		
- Gastro-intestinal disorders		
- Renal disorders		
- Malformations		
- Thermoregulation and its		
disorders ·		
Approach to		
-Normal newborn		
- Low birth weight newborn		
-Breathless newborn		
-Newborn with fits		
Cardiology:	11	12
-Congenital heart diseases		
(cyanotic and a cyanotic)		
- Rheumatic fever		
-Rheumatic heart disease		
-Infective endocarditis		
-Arrhythmia		
-Diseases of myocardium (cardio-		
myopathy, myocarditis)		
- Diseases of pericardium		
-Murmur		
-Cyanosis and cyanotic spells		

-Edema and Congestive heart		
failure		
- Tachycardia		
- Palpitations		
-Systemic hypertension		
- Arrhythmia		
- Shock		
-Syncope		
-Pulmonary hypertension		
- Chest pain		
Pediatric pulmonology:	11	120
-Congenital and acquired disorders		
of nose		
- Infections of upper respiratory		
tract, tonsils and adenoids		
- Obstructive sleep apnea		
- Congenital anomalies of lower		
respiratory tract		
- Acute inflammatory upper airway		
obstruction		
-Foreign body in larynx, trachea and		
bronchi		
- Subglottic stenosis (acute and		
chronic)		
- Trauma to larynx		
- Neoplasm of larynx and trachea		
-Bronchitis		
- Bronchiolitis		
-Aspiration pneumonia		

-GER		
-Acute pneumonia		
-Recurrent and interstitial		
pneumonia		
- Suppurative lung disease		
- Atelectasis		
- Lung cysts		
-Emphysema and hyper-inflation		
-Bronchial asthma		
Pulmonary edema-		
-Bronchiectasis		
- Pleural effusion		
- Pulmonary leaks		
- Mediastinal mass		
Gastero intestinal disorders:	11	120
-Diseases of mouth, oral cavity and		
tongue		
- Disorders of deglutition and		
esophagus		
- Peptic ulcer disease		
- H. Pylori infection		
- Foreign body		
-Congenital pyloric stenosis		
- Intestinal obstruction		
- Malabsorption syndrome		
- Acute and chronic diarrhea		
- Irritable bowel syndrome		
-Ulcerative colitis		
- Hirschsprung's disease		

- Liver disorders - Hepatitis - Hepatitis - Hepatic failure - Chronic liver disease - Wilson's disease - Budd-Chiari syndrome - Metabolic diseases of liver - Cirrhosis and portal hypertension Pediatric Nephrology: - Acute and chronic glomerulonephritis - Nephrotic syndrome - Hemolytic uremic syndrome - Urinary tract infection - VUR and renal scarring - Renal involvement in systemic diseases - Renal tubular disorders - Con-genital and hereditary renal disorders - Renal and bladder stones - Posterior urethral valves - Hydronephrosis - Volding dysfunction - Enuresis - Undescended testis - Wilm's tumor			
- Hepatitis - Hepatic failure - Chronic liver disease - Wilson's disease - Budd-Chiari syndrome - Metabolic diseases of liver - Cirrhosis and portal hypertension Pediatric Nephrology: - Acute and chronic glomerulonephritis - Nephrotic syndrome - Hemolytic uremic syndrome - Urinary tract infection - VUR and renal scarring - Renal involvement in systemic diseases - Renal tubular disorders - Con-genital and hereditary renal disorders - Renal and bladder stones - Posterior urethral valves - Hydronephrosis - Voiding dysfunction - Enuresis - Undescended testis - Wilm's tumor	- Anorectal malformations		
-Hepatic failure -Chronic liver disease - Wilson's disease - Budd-Chiari syndrome -Metabolic diseases of liver -Cirrhosis and portal hypertension Pediatric Nephrology: - Acute and chronic glomerulonephritis - Nephrotic syndrome - Hemolytic uremic syndrome - Urinary tract infection - VUR and renal scarring - Renal involvement in systemic diseases - Renal tubular disorders - Con-genital and hereditary renal disorders - Renal and bladder stones - Posterior urethral valves - Hydronephrosis - Voiding dysfunction - Enuresis - Undescended testis - Wilm's tumor	- Liver disorders		
-Chronic liver disease - Wilson's disease - Budd-Chiari syndrome -Metabolic diseases of liver -Cirrhosis and portal hypertension Pediatric Nephrology: - Acute and chronic glomerulonephritis - Nephrotic syndrome - Hemolytic uremic syndrome - Urinary tract infection - VUR and renal scarring - Renal involvement in systemic diseases - Renal tubular disorders - Con-genital and hereditary renal disorders - Renal and bladder stones - Posterior urethral valves - Hydronephrosis - Voiding dysfunction - Enuresis - Undescended testis - Wilm's tumor	- Hepatitis		
- Wilson's disease - Budd-Chiari syndrome -Metabolic diseases of liver -Cirrhosis and portal hypertension Pediatric Nephrology: - Acute and chronic glomerulonephritis - Nephrotic syndrome - Hemolytic uremic syndrome - Urinary tract infection - VUR and renal scarring - Renal involvement in systemic diseases - Renal tubular disorders - Con-genital and hereditary renal disorders - Renal and bladder stones - Posterior urethral valves - Hydronephrosis - Voiding dysfunction - Enuresis - Undescended testis - Wilm's tumor	-Hepatic failure		
- Budd-Chiari syndrome -Metabolic diseases of liver -Cirrhosis and portal hypertension Pediatric Nephrology: - Acute and chronic glomerulonephritis - Nephrotic syndrome - Hemolytic uremic syndrome - Urinary tract infection - VUR and renal scarring - Renal involvement in systemic diseases - Renal tubular disorders - Con-genital and hereditary renal disorders - Renal and bladder stones - Posterior urethral valves - Hydronephrosis - Voiding dysfunction - Enuresis - Undescended testis - Wilm's tumor	-Chronic liver disease		
-Metabolic diseases of liver -Cirrhosis and portal hypertension Pediatric Nephrology: - Acute and chronic glomerulonephritis - Nephrotic syndrome - Hemolytic uremic syndrome - Urinary tract infection - VUR and renal scarring - Renal involvement in systemic diseases - Renal tubular disorders - Con-genital and hereditary renal disorders - Renal and bladder stones - Posterior urethral valves - Hydronephrosis - Voiding dysfunction - Enuresis - Undescended testis - Wilm's tumor	- Wilson's disease		
-Cirrhosis and portal hypertension Pediatric Nephrology: - Acute and chronic glomerulonephritis - Nephrotic syndrome - Hemolytic uremic syndrome - Urinary tract infection - VUR and renal scarring - Renal involvement in systemic diseases - Renal tubular disorders - Con-genital and hereditary renal disorders - Renal and bladder stones - Posterior urethral valves - Hydronephrosis - Voiding dysfunction - Enuresis - Undescended testis - Wilm's tumor	- Budd-Chiari syndrome		
Pediatric Nephrology: - Acute and chronic glomerulonephritis - Nephrotic syndrome - Hemolytic uremic syndrome - Urinary tract infection - VUR and renal scarring - Renal involvement in systemic diseases - Renal tubular disorders - Con-genital and hereditary renal disorders - Renal and bladder stones - Posterior urethral valves - Hydronephrosis - Voiding dysfunction - Enuresis - Undescended testis - Wilm's tumor	-Metabolic diseases of liver		
- Acute and chronic glomerulonephritis - Nephrotic syndrome - Hemolytic uremic syndrome - Urinary tract infection - VUR and renal scarring - Renal involvement in systemic diseases - Renal tubular disorders - Con-genital and hereditary renal disorders - Renal and bladder stones - Posterior urethral valves - Hydronephrosis - Voiding dysfunction - Enuresis - Undescended testis - Wilm's tumor	-Cirrhosis and portal hypertension		
glomerulonephritis - Nephrotic syndrome - Hemolytic uremic syndrome - Urinary tract infection - VUR and renal scarring - Renal involvement in systemic diseases - Renal tubular disorders - Con-genital and hereditary renal disorders - Renal and bladder stones - Posterior urethral valves - Hydronephrosis - Voiding dysfunction - Enuresis - Undescended testis - Wilm's tumor	Pediatric Nephrology:	11	120
- Nephrotic syndrome - Hemolytic uremic syndrome - Urinary tract infection - VUR and renal scarring - Renal involvement in systemic diseases - Renal tubular disorders - Con-genital and hereditary renal disorders - Renal and bladder stones - Posterior urethral valves - Hydronephrosis - Voiding dysfunction - Enuresis - Undescended testis - Wilm's tumor	- Acute and chronic		
- Hemolytic uremic syndrome - Urinary tract infection - VUR and renal scarring - Renal involvement in systemic diseases - Renal tubular disorders - Con-genital and hereditary renal disorders - Renal and bladder stones - Posterior urethral valves - Hydronephrosis - Voiding dysfunction - Enuresis - Undescended testis - Wilm's tumor	glomerulonephritis		
- Urinary tract infection - VUR and renal scarring - Renal involvement in systemic diseases - Renal tubular disorders - Con-genital and hereditary renal disorders - Renal and bladder stones - Posterior urethral valves - Hydronephrosis - Voiding dysfunction - Enuresis - Undescended testis - Wilm's tumor	- Nephrotic syndrome		
- VUR and renal scarring - Renal involvement in systemic diseases - Renal tubular disorders - Con-genital and hereditary renal disorders - Renal and bladder stones - Posterior urethral valves - Hydronephrosis - Voiding dysfunction - Enuresis - Undescended testis - Wilm's tumor	- Hemolytic uremic syndrome		
- Renal involvement in systemic diseases - Renal tubular disorders - Con-genital and hereditary renal disorders - Renal and bladder stones - Posterior urethral valves - Hydronephrosis - Voiding dysfunction - Enuresis - Undescended testis - Wilm's tumor	- Urinary tract infection		
diseases - Renal tubular disorders - Con-genital and hereditary renal disorders - Renal and bladder stones -Posterior urethral valves - Hydronephrosis - Voiding dysfunction - Enuresis - Undescended testis - Wilm's tumor	- VUR and renal scarring		
- Renal tubular disorders - Con-genital and hereditary renal disorders - Renal and bladder stones -Posterior urethral valves - Hydronephrosis - Voiding dysfunction - Enuresis - Undescended testis - Wilm's tumor	- Renal involvement in systemic		
- Con-genital and hereditary renal disorders - Renal and bladder stones - Posterior urethral valves - Hydronephrosis - Voiding dysfunction - Enuresis - Undescended testis - Wilm's tumor	diseases		
disorders - Renal and bladder stones -Posterior urethral valves - Hydronephrosis - Voiding dysfunction - Enuresis - Undescended testis - Wilm's tumor	- Renal tubular disorders		
 Renal and bladder stones Posterior urethral valves Hydronephrosis Voiding dysfunction Enuresis Undescended testis Wilm's tumor 	- Con-genital and hereditary renal		
-Posterior urethral valves - Hydronephrosis - Voiding dysfunction - Enuresis - Undescended testis - Wilm's tumor	disorders		
 - Hydronephrosis - Voiding dysfunction - Enuresis - Undescended testis - Wilm's tumor 	- Renal and bladder stones		
- Voiding dysfunction - Enuresis - Undescended testis - Wilm's tumor	-Posterior urethral valves		
- Enuresis - Undescended testis - Wilm's tumor	- Hydronephrosis		
- Undescended testis - Wilm's tumor	- Voiding dysfunction		
- Wilm's tumor	- Enuresis		
	- Undescended testis		
- Fluid-electrolyte disturbances	- Wilm's tumor		
- Huid-electrolyte disturbances.	- Fluid-electrolyte disturbances.		

Pediatric Neurology:	6	70
-Seizure and non-seizure		
paroxysmal events		
- Epilepsy and epileptic syndromes		
of childhood		
- Meningitis		
- Brain abscess		
- Coma		
- Acute encephalitis		
- Febrile encephalopathies		
- Guillain-Barre syndrome		
- Neurocysticercosis and other		
neuro-infestations		
- HIV encephalopathy		
- SSPE		
- Cerebral palsy		
- Neurometabolic disorders		
- Mental retardation		
- Learning disabilities		
- Muscular dystrophies		
- Acute flaccid paralysis and		
surveillance		
- Ataxia		
- Movement disorders of child-		
hood		
- CNS tumors		
-CNS malformations.		
Pediatric Hematology and	11	120
Oncology:		

Deficiency anemias		
Hemolytic anemias		
- Aplastic anemias		
- Pancytopenia		
- Disorders of hemostasis		
- Thrombocytopenia		
-Blood component therapy		
-Transfusion related infections		
-Bone marrow transplant/ stem cell		
transplant		
- Acute and chronic leukemia		
- Myelodysplastic syndrome		
- Hodgkin disease		
- Non-Hodgkin's lymphoma		
- Neuroblastoma		
- Hyper-coagulable states		
Pediatric Endocrinology:	11	120
Hypopituitarism/hyperpituitarism		
-Diabetes insipidus		
-Pubertal disorders		
- Hypo- and hyperthyroidism		
- Hypo- and hyperparathyroidism		
- Adrenal insufficiency		
- Cushing's syndrome		
- Adrenogenital syndromes		
-Diabetes mellitus		
- Hypoglycemia		
- Short stature		
- Failure to thrive		

-Gonadal dysfunction and		
intersexuality		
-Pubertal changes and		
gynecological disorders.		
Pediatric Immunology and	10	10
Rheumatology:		
-Arthritis (acute and chronic)		
- Major congenital orthopedic		
deformities		
-Bone and joint infections;		
Pyogenic, tubercular		
- Common bone tumors.		
- Connective tissue disorders		
- Disorders of immunoglobulins		
- T and B cell disorders		
- Immunodeficiency syndromes.		
Child and Adolescent Psychiatry:	5	50
-Rumination		
- Pica, enuresis		
- Encopresis		
- Sleep disorders		
- Habit disorders		
- Breath holding spells		
- Anxiety disorders		
- Mood disorders		
-Temper tantrums		
-Attention deficit		
- Hyperactivity disorder		

-Infantile autism			
Basic pediareic examination	8	167	
Pediatric emergency medicine	10	140	
Pediatric intensive care unit	15	180	
Total	165	1865	
	1. Lectures		
	2. Seminar Presen	tation and Journal Club	
5.Teaching and Learning Methods	3. Group Discussio	ons	
	5. Pediatric Confe	rences	
	7. Skill teaching in	ICU, emergency and ward settings	
	8. Attend Combine	ed clinics and rounds for at least one	
	month.		
	9. Self-study, assignments and use of internet		
	10. Bedside teach	ing rounds in ward.	
	11. OPD & Follow	up clinics	
	12. Long and shor	t case presentation	
6. Methods of studen	t assessment and v	veighting of assessment	
A. Student Assessment	1-Written Exams:		
Methods	-Short essay		
	-MCQs		
	-Problem solving		
	2-Clinical Exams		
	3-Oral Exams.		
	Log book (seminars and group discussion)		
B. Assessment Schedule	Assessment 1: Final written exam (3 papers)		
(Timing of Each Method	Assessment 2: Oral and clinical exam		
of Assessment)			

C. Weighting of Each	Final Written Examination 300						
Method of Assessment	Oral 100%						
	clinical Examination 100 %						
	7. List of References						
A. Course	Department book and notes prepared by the						
Lecture notes/handout	department staff						
B. Essential Books	Nelson textbook of Pediatrics. 21 th edition 2022						
	www.pediatrics.com						
C. Periodicals, websites	http://www.pediatriceducation.org						
	http://www.ncbi.nlm						
	https://www.aap.org						

Course Coordinator

Head of Department

Prof. Gehan Lotfy

Prof. Mohd A. Maaboud

9. Matrix between course topics and Course ILOs

	W e e k N o	Intended Learning Outcomes (ILOs)				
Contents (List of course topics)		A. Knowledge & Understanding	B. Intellectual Skills	C. Professional & Practical skills	D. General & Transferable Skills	
		A	В	С	D	
Developmental pediatric		A1,3,4,6	B1-8	C1,2	D1-15	
Failure to thrive		A3,4,6	B1-8	C1-6	D1-15	

Neonatology	A3,4,6,9,8	B1-8	C1-6	D1-15
Cardiology	A3,4,6	B1-8	C1,2,4,5	D1-15
Gastro intestinal	A3,4,6	B1-8	C1,2,4,5	D1-15
disorder				
Pediatric nephrology	A3,4,6	B1-8	C1,2,4,5	D1-15
Pediatric Neurology	A3,4,6	B1-8	C1,2,4,5	D1-15
Pediatric Hematology	A3,4,6	B1-8	C1,2,4,5	D1-15
and oncology				
Pediatric Endocrinology	A3,4,6	B1-8	C1,2,4,5	D1-15
Pediatric Immunology	A3,4,6	B1-8	C1,2,4,5	D1-15
and Rheumatology				
Pediatric ear disorder	A3,4,6	B1-8	C1,2,4,5	D1-15
Pediatric dermatology	A3,4,6	B1-8	C1,2,4,5	D1-15
Pediatric pulmonology				
Child and adolescent	A2-7	B1-8	C1,2,4,5	D1-15
psychiatry				

10. Matrix between teaching & learning method and course ILOS

Intended Learning Outcomes (ILOs)

Methods of	A. Knowledge	B.	C. Professional &	D. General &
Teaching	&	Intellectual	Practical skills	Transferable Skills
& Learning	Understanding	Skills		
Lecture	A1-8	B1-8	C1-C6	D1- D15
Assignment	A1-8	B1-8	C1- C6	D1-D15

2. Seminar Presentation and Journal Club	A1-8	B1-8	C1-C6	D1- D15
3. Group Discussions	A1-8	B1-8	C1-C6	D1- D15
5. Pediatric Conferences	A1-8	B1-8	C1-C6	D1- D15
7. Skill teaching in ICU, emergency and ward settings	A1-8	B1-8	C1-C6	D1- D15
8. Attend Combined clinics and rounds for at least one month.	A1-8	B1-8	C1-C6	D1- D15
9. Self-study, assignments and use of internet	A1-8	B1-8	C1-C6	D1- D15
10. Bedside teaching rounds in ward.	A1-8	B1-8	C1-C6	D1- D15
11. OPD & Follow up clinics	A1-8	B1-8	C1-C6	D1- D15

2. Seminar Presentation	A1-8	B1-8	C1-C6	D1- D15
and Journal Club				
3. Group Discussions	A1-8	B1-8	C1-C6	D1- D15

	Intended Learning Outcomes (ILOs)					
Methods of	A. Knowledge	В.	C. Professional	D. General &		
Assessment	&	Intellectual	& Practical	Transferable		
	Understanding	Skills	skills	Skills		
Paper based	A1-8	B1-8	C1- C5	D1-D15		
exam						
Oral Exam	A1-8	B1-8				
Clinical exam			C1- C5	D1-D15		

11. Matrix between methods of assessment of student and course ILOS

Test blueprint for pediatric examination 2^{nd} part

Topic	Hour	% of topic	Total No. of	Written exam (100 marks)		Marks
			items	Knowledge	Intellectual	
Basic pediatrics	8	5 %	5	15	-	15
General pediatric medicine	15	9%	30	25	2	27
Pediatric emergency medicine	10	6%	6	18	-	18
Pediatric gastroenterology hepatology	11	6.5%	10	19.5	-	19.5
Pediatric nephrology, urology, gynecological medicine	11	6.5%	8	15	4.5	19.5
Pediatric neurology, psychology	11	6.5 %	10	19.5	-	19.5
Pediatric hematology	11	6.5%	6	19.5	-	19.5
Pediatric cardiology	11	6.5%	5	10	9.5	19.5
Pediatric pulmonology	11	6.5%	6	20.5	-	20.5
Pediatric endocrinology	11	6.5%	7	10.5	10	20.5
Pediatric intensive care medicine	15	9%	10	30	15	45
Neonatology	30	18%	16	70	20	90
Pediatric rheumatology &immunology	10	%6	6	20	10	30
Total	165	100	125			300

Course Co-Ordinator: Prof. Gehan Lotfy

Head of the Pediatric Department: Prof. Mohd A. Maaboud

Date: 6/4/2023